North Carolina Standard.

SEMI-WEEKLY, $4 PER ANNUM. PUBLISHED WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY MORNINGS. WEEKLY, $2 PER ANNUM

VOL. I. RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 13, 1851. NO. 89.

THE NORTH CAROLINA STANDARD

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY, BY

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY. Two dollars per annum in advance, or within the first month, Two dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Three Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

TERMS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY. Four dollars per annum, in advance, or within the first month; Four dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Five Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

☞ The above rules will be inflexibly adhered to.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding fourteen lines will be inserted one time for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion; those of greater length in proportion. Court orders and Judidicial Advertisements will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above rates. A reasonable reduction will be made to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements inserted in the Semi-Weekly Standard, will also appear in the Weekly Paper, free of charge.

Subscribers, and others, who may wish to send money to the Editor, can do so at all times, by Mail and at his risk. Receipts for all sums will be promptly transmitted.

Letters to the Editor must come free of postage.

MALE ACADEMY,

Warrenton, N. C.

THE exercises of this ancient Institution were resumed the 7th of this month, under the former Principal, R. A. EZELL, A. M.

The Trustees are persuaded that Mr. Ezell's well known and well established reputation as a scholar and teacher renders unnecessary any reference to his qualifications, yet they feel that it is but an act of justice to him to say, that he has conducted this Institution for the last twelve years much to their satisfaction, and with the most flattering success, and in a manner evincing entire competence, and great experience in training and disciplining the youthful mind.

The course of studies is extensive, and is designed and suited to qualify boys for admission into the advanced Classes of any University, or for the various and active duties of life; all pains are bestowed upon the moral as well as intellectual training of the pupils. None are admitted as scholars whose habits are deemed vicious or contaminating, nor will any be retained who do not implicitly conform to *all the requirements* of the Institution.

The Department of Languages is managed and conducted exclusively by the Principal. The English and Mathematical Department is confided to the assistant instructor. Every incentive to emulation and industry is earnestly held up to the view of pupils, and no effort spared to ensure all practicable progress.

Few Institutions present greater inducements to Parents and Guardians than this. The proficiency of the teachers and the judicious system of instruction pursued by them, commend it to all; while its locality offers many and great advantages. The village of Warrenton, it is believed, is unsurpassed for healthfulness and refinement and intelligence of society; with a strict and vigilant Police, morals are well guarded, and quiet and good order secured. Besides it is of easy of access by Stages and Rail Roads and in case of sickness, the best Medical aid is ever at command, and ample mail facilities afford prompt communication with distant friends.

TERMS.

For Board (with the Principal) for the Session of five months,	$50 00
Room Rent, Fuel, &c.,	5 00
For Tuition in the Languages and Mathematics,	17 50
For Tuition in the various English branches,	12 50
Fuel at the Academy,	1 00

Charge is made from the time of admission to the termination of the Session.

By order of the Board of Trustees,
W. N. EDWARDS, President.

The following gentlemen compose the Board of Trustees:

HON. DANIEL TURNER,
WM. PLUMMER, Esq.,
WM. EATON, Jr. Esq.,
F. A. THORNTON, Esq.
G. D. BASKERVILLE, Esq.,
JOHN WHITE, Esq.,
NATH. T. GREEN, Esq.,
WM. C. WILLIAMS, Esq.,
THOS. E. GREEN, Esq.,
B. E. COOK, Esq.,
THOS. E. WILSON, M. D.,
T. A. MONTGOMERY, Esq.

Warrenton, July 22, 1851. 77—2w.

ROANOKE LANDS.

THE Subscriber, having four Plantations containing about 4,500 acres on this River, is disposed to sell one of them, and to a good neighbor, who will continue the system of improvement, the terms will be made very advantageous. The estate contains about 1000 acres, consisting of the usual portions of low grounds, second low grounds, and uplands, part of which has been greatly improved by Liming, Plaster and Clover. There is every advantage of River communication with Norfolk and Plymouth; the Railroad to the former will soon be completed, and if the Raleigh and Gaston Road is rebuilt, the estate will be accessible from Raleigh in half a day's ride. The health of the low Country has unquestionably changed within the last ten years, so it is no longer unsafe to reside there.

For further information, enquire by letter, post paid, of the subscriber, or in his absence of Thos. Sterling, Jackson, N. C. H. K. BURGWYN.

July 22nd, 1851. (ta$5) 2m 76—

Steam Saw Mill!

I BEG leave to call the attention of builders and persons wishing to purchase Lumber to my

Steam Saw Mill Near Raleigh,

where they can be supplied with any kind at the shortest notice. Also sawed Laths of the best quality, at $1 00 per M.

T. H. SNOW.

Raleigh July 13, 1850. 821—1y.

Goods by Express.

I WOULD respectfully state to the Citizens of Raleigh and the adjacent Counties that having located an agent at Gaston, and also made an arrangement with the President of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road. I shall hereafter be prepared to forward by Mail Train in the most punctual manner, any articles in my line, when they are not of too large a size to be handled inconveniently.

SAM'L. H. MARK'S,
Wholesale Confectioner.
Petersburg, Va.

June 21, 1851. 67—

BY PROF. W. M. GILLESPIE, The Philosophy of Mathematics, Translated from the French of Augustus Comte.

By the "Author of the Maid of Orleans." The Gold Worshipers, or the Days we live in—a Novel.

Received this day by HENRY D. TURNER.

Raleigh, July 10th, 1851. 72—

Parasols and Umbrellas

PLAIN, Changeable Figured and Cheni Parasols, various colors Green and Black, Cotton and Silk Umbrellas. Also, Chinese and other Fans. For sale by

J. BROWN.

Raleigh, April 28, 1851. No. 9, Fayetteville St —51

NEW SUPPLY OF CLOTHING.

E. L. Harding, & Co.

Have just received a new lot of

Black Lustre SACKS, Grass and Brown Linen Sacks, and FROCKS, White and Buff Marseilles VESTS, Fancy Cass. PANTS, &c.

July 28, 1851. 77—

To Bounty Land & Pension Claimants

SOLDIERS, Volunteers, Drafted Men, and the widows and children, fathers, mothers, brothers and sisters of those who served in the Army of the United States.

By a late act of Congress, the officers and privates, or their heirs, of the war of 1812, in Indian wars, Florida and Mexican wars, and all who have been engaged in the service of the United States, are entitled to bounty land, according to their term of service.

All who served in the war of 1812, or any Indian war since 1790, nine months, are entitled to 160 acres of land; 4 months, 80 acres; 1 month, 40 acres. If they have died leaving a widow, or child under age, they are entitled; no other relative is entitled. Those who enlisted to serve for twelve months, or during the war with Mexico, are entitled to 160 acres of land; six months, 40 acres; and if they served in Mexico three months, extra pay. If they be dead, the widow or children, if any, are entitled; if no widow, or children, the father; if neither, the mother; and if all be dead, the brothers and siste are entitled. The friends of all who have died at any time in service, are entitled to the soldier's

The undersigned is in possession of all the necessary papers and information requisite to obtain these land warrants. The land and pay due soldies or their friends, will be procured promptly by writing to me. Terms moderate.

☞ All letters must be post paid.

☞ Persons claims promptly attended to.

WILLIAM H. HAMILTON,
Washington City, D. C.

Washington City, D. C., May 18, 1851. 868—2m.

HILLSBOROUGH ACADEMY.

THE acting Trustees of this long established Seminary, take great pleasure in announcing to the public that they have engaged the services of Mr. BENJ. R. HUSKE, who will hereafter conduct the Academy as Principal.

Mr. Huske is a native of the State, and a graduate of our University, and has for sometime been engaged, very successfully in teaching in the town of Fayetteville. His learning, fine temper, and Christian character, give assurance to Parents that his duty to children entrusted to his charge will be ably and conscienciously performed.

The exercises of the next session will commence on Monday, the 21st instant, and as the course of instruction is preparatory to the University, the sessions in future will correspond with those of Chapel Hill.

Terms of Tuition, including courses, $21,00, always in advance. No deduction made, unless in case of protracted illness. By order of the Board,

E. A. HEARTT, *Sec.*

REFERENCES—President and Faculty of the University of N. C.; Charles G. Haigh, Esq., Hon. R. Strange, Edward J. Hale, Esq., Fayetteville.

July 5, 1851. 71—6w.

NOTICE.

ON the third Monday of August, 1851, I shall expose to public sale as the law directs, at the Court House in the City of Raleigh, the following land and town lots, or enough thereof to satisfy the taxes for 1847, due in 1848, and cost of advertising.

	Tax.
Bledsoe and Johnson, one town lot, valued at $1,000, not listed, only Bledsoe's half deed,	$2 60
Moses A. Bledsoe, 139 acres, $556,	6 20
Ditto for S. J. Baker, Guard, 500 acres, $5,000,	14 60
Elizabeth Bell, one town lot,	16
Elizabeth Barber, one lot, $400,	1 05
Sally Chavers, part lot 46,	91
A. G. Drake, one lot, $2,000,	15 70
Catherine Gooch, one lot, $75,	20
Absalom Mangum, part lot 39,	1 27
Jesse Pettiford, one lot, $50,	88
Hannah Sturdevant, ¼ lot, $125,	33
James Terry, ¼, not listed,	1 08
Leethy Wilkins, one lot, $400,	2 64
Estate of Calvin Whitaker, part 68, $200,	72
Lavina Bell, part 109, $400.	1 04
Martha Spivey, ¼ acre, $200,	52
E. Miller, ¼, $150,	39
Mary Miller, ¼, $50,	13

WILLIE POPE, *former Sheriff.*

July 7, 1851 71—td.

LANDS FOR SALE

In the State of Arkansas.

THE undersigned offers for sale the following described Lands, situate in the county of Independence, at a distance of from two to four miles from Batesville; on several of said separate tracts of land there are improvements, and will be sold on good terms:

N E qr of the S W qr of Sec 19, T 13 N, R 6 W; S E qr of S W qr of Sec 19, T 13 N, R 6 W; N E qr of the S E qr of Sec 19, T 13 N, R 6 W; S W qr of the S E qr of Sec 19, T 13 N, R 6 W; N W qr of the N W qr of Sec 19, T 13 N, R 6 W; S W qr of N W qr of Sec 19, T 13 N, R 6 W S W hlf of the S W qr of Sec 18, T 13 N, R 6 W; S E qr of the S W qr of Sec 18, T 13 N, R 6 W; S E qr of the S E qr of Sec 24, T 13 N, R 6 W; N E qr of the S E qr of Sec 24, T 13 N, R 6 W.

Persons desirous to purchase will please call on W. C. Bevens, Esq., of Batesville, who is fully authorized to make sale of any of the above described lands, or to the undersigned at his place of residence, six miles east of Batesville. ISAAC CORNELL.

Batesville, June 10, 1851. 72—ta$5.

N. B. The titles to the above lands emanate from the General Government, and are clear of all encumbrances whatever. I. C.

SHOCCO SPRINGS,

Warren County, North Carolina.

THIS delightful Summer Retreat is now open for the reception of Company. The remedial properties of the water, and pure atmosphere, offer great inducements to Invalids, as well as those seeking pleasure and the preservation of health. Among the many improvements are two newly fitted up Bathing Houses. The Rooms and Cabins are neat and well furnished. A good Band of Music is always in attendance, a plentiful supply of Ice, and the best efforts to please, at moderate rates of Board, as follows:

Families per month each person,	$ 20,00
Single persons,	25,00
Per week,	7,00
Per day,	1,25
Children under 12 and Servants half price.	

SAMUEL CALVERT.

Shocco Springs, June 4, 1851. 61—10t.

Valuable Land for Sale.

A Valuable Tract of Land containing 208 acres, lying between four and five miles West of Raleigh, on both sides of Walnut Creek, and adjoining the land of Rev. Thos. Meredith and others, will be sold on reasonable terms.

For further information apply to

M. A. BLEDSOE.

Raleigh, August 21, 1850. 829—

JUST RECEIVED,

20 PS. Marlborough Stripes and Plaids (for servants,) Bleached and Brown Shirtings and Jeans, Crushed, Brown, Clarified, Refined Loaf Sugar, Old Java, Laguira and Rio Coffee, Cut Nails and Brads, Swede's Iron and Steel.

For Sale by

J. BROWN.

Raleigh, 1st April, 1851. 43—

Kendall's Great Work.

THE War between the United States and Mexico Illustrated; embracing Pictorial Drawings of all the Principal conflicts, with a description of each Battle. By George Wilkins Kendall, author of the Texan Santa Fe Expedition. Received at

TURNER'S Bookstore.

Raleigh April 28 1851. 48—

JOHN C. PALMER'S DAGUERRIAN GALLERY.

IN his finely furnished Room warrants the Likenesses perfect, and to please. His reputation is so well known in North Carolina, it is useless to say more. Call at Palmer and Ramsay's Jewelry Store.

Raleigh Nov. 25, 1850. 8—1f

Third Annual Fair of the SOUTH CAROLINA INSTITUTE.

THE Third Annual Fair of the South Carolina Institute for the promotion of Art, Mechanical ingenuity and industry, will be held in Charleston, South Carolina, opening on MONDAY, 17th November, and continuing during the week.

Specimens in every branch of Mechanism, Art and industry; also of Cotton, Rice, Sugar, Tobacco and al other Agricultural Products, is solicited, for which *suitable premiums* will be awarded.

The following special Premiums are offered—

For the six best specimens of Steel made from Spartanburg or other Iron, the product of a Southern State, and manufactured into edge Tools of any kind—A Gold Medal.

N. B. A specimen of the Steel in Bars to be sent with the Tools

For the largest quantity of Cocoons raised on one plantation, not less than ten bushels—A Gold Madel or $30.

For the largest quantity of Spun Silk the produce of any one plantation, not less than ten pounds—A Gold Medal or Premium of $50.

For the best Sea Island Cotton Gin, on some new principie, superior to that now in general use; or for any real and important improvement on the present one—A Gold Medal.

For the invention of a suitable machine for Pulverising Red Pepper—A Gold Medal.

For the best Steam Engine—a Gold Medal.

For the best model Steam Fire Engine—A Gold Medal.

A large and commodious building has been selected for the exhibition, and every care will be paid to the reception and care of articles sent to the Fair. All Specimens must be in by the 13th of November.

Contributors to the Fair are respectfully requested when they forward Specifications for Exhibition, to send full descriptions of the Articles, and such information in general as may be of use, and proper for publication,

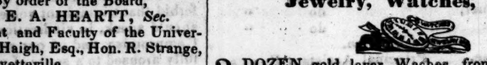
Address J. H. TAYLOR.

Chairman of the Committee of Correspondence.

June 16, 1851. 65—td.

NORTH CAROLINA FASHIONABLE JEWELER'S STORE,

Jewelry, Watches, &c.



3 DOZEN gold lever Waches, from 40 to $ 150
4 doz. Silver " " " 20 to 50,00

A large Assortment of Fashionable Breast Pins, Finger rings, Ear rings, gold Spectacles and Pencils, Watch Chains, Seals and Keys, Lockets, Cuff Pins, and Pens, Silver, Pearl, Tortoise Card Cases, Plated Spectacle Cases and Napkin Rings,
6 dozen silver spectacles; spring steel and plated do.
26 doz. silver Spons, Ladles, Sugar Tongs and Cups,
A large assortment of G. S. plated spoons.
Forks and Knives for table use,
A large assortment of Razors and Knives,
Plated Castors and Candlesticks,
Plated Waiters and Baskets,
Assortment of Clocks from 6 to $30,
Perfumery, Extracts, Cologne and Soaps,
Shaving, Hair, and Nail Brushes,
Money Purses and Pocket Books,
Tea Setts of Waiters, Table Knives and Setts,
Revolving Pistols, best quality,
Chinese Fans and Boquet Holders.
Walking Canes, &c., &c.

The above goods have just been purchased North and we think excel any previous stock in Beauty and Fashion. We are better prepared to repair all kinds of Watches and Jewelry, having purchased Tools and Materials for doing every thing in our line.

PALMER & RAMSAY.

Raleigh, June 11, 1851. 62—

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, &C

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD, & CO.,

ARE now receiving large additions to their stock of

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, PAINTS, OILS, DYESTUFFS,

Window Glass, Perfumery, &c, &c

from the most reliable Houses in the Northern Cities, which have been purchased with an eye single to their pur.ty, and are offered for sale at such prices and on such terms as shall compare favorably with any house in the State.

Physicians, Country Merchants, and Dealers generally, will do well to give us a call before purchasing, feeling assured we shall not fail to please both in point of price and quality.

Orders promptly attended to, and particular attention given to packing and forwarding.

Family Medicines and Prescriptions compounded at all hours of the day and night, by a competent person with neatness and despatch.

We tender our most sincere thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country for the long and liberal patronage we have received, and trust by untiring zeal and energy to please in the prosecution of our business, to merit its continuance.

Raleigh, April 28. 1851. 49—

Copper work. Turpentine Stills, &c.,

THE Subscriber informs the public that heis still carrying on his business in all its branches, at his Shop near the Raleigh Depot. Turpentine Stills made to order, in the best manner, and warranted to work well; and all kinds of work promptly done in copper, brass steel, iron, &c.

Constantly on hand and for sale locks of all sorts and sizes, guns, pistols, &c. The Subscriber only asks of the public to give him a full and fair trial, as he is determined not to be surpassed in his line. The Subscriber's establishment being the only one of the sort in all that region of country, he confidently appeals to North Carolinians and to the friends of home industry, to sustain him.

Now is the time to Save Fuel.

BUCK'S Patent Improved Cooking Stoves, also, Stanly's Air-tight, suitable for Parlors or private rooms. I am the only Agent in North Carolina for Buck's Patent Improved Cooking Stoves. Any person wishing to purchase I would respectfully refer them to the following gentlemen, who have them in use: Messrs. Charles Dewey, Dupree, D. Cameron, W. H. Haywood, Col. Yarbrough, E. P. Guion, and Geo. W. Mordecai.

JOSEPH WOLTERING.

P. S. His Establishment has been removed to Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

Raleigh, Sept. 1st, 1850. 797—tf.

NORTH CAROLINA Mutual Life Insurance Company

OFFICE RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company continues to insure the lives of all healthy White persons and Slaves.

The greatest risk taken on a single life is $5000. Slaves are insured for a term of one to five years for 3ds their value.

OFFICERS.

Dr. Chas. E. Johnson, President,
Wm. D. Haywood, Vice President,
James F. Jordan, Secretary,
Wm. H. Jones, Treasurer,
Perrin Busbee, Attorney,
Dr. Wm. H. McKee, Examining Physician.
J. Hersman, General Agent.

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

Blanks and Pamphlets, showing the plan of operation of the Company, may be had on application at the Office, or any of the Agencies. All letters on business should be addressed to JAMES F. JORDAN, *Secretary.*

April 28, 1850. 51—

EVANS & COOKE,

One Door Above Richard Smith's Old Corner

RALEIGH, N. C.

WE would respectfully inform our friends and the public generally that we intend keeping constantly on hand a full supply of

Dry Goods, Hardware, Cutlery

GROCERIES, &c.

and indeed every thing found in similar establishments They present the following as specimens of their Stock.

Cheni, Jasper, and Black Silks,
Silk Tissue and Alborines,
Embroidered Granadines and Berage,
Dotted and Embroidered Swiss Muslins,
Poplins and Berage DeLanes,
Em. White Crape Shawls,
Jenny Lind Collars and Cuffs,
Ladies Kid Gloves and Mits,
Do Embroidered L C Hdkf's,
Temits and Bonnet Ribbons,
Lace Capes, and thread Laces,
Chine and Embroidered Paras o
Ginghams and Calicoes,
Shoes and Boots of every quality and price,
Bonnets and Hats of every description,
Black French Cloths and Casimeres,
Black Satin and Marseilles,
Bed Tick, Cottonades, Domestics, Crockery,
Weeding Hoes, Sugar, Coffee,
Adamantine Candles, and a number of articles not enumerated, all of which the Subscribers intend selling Cheap for Cash, or to punctual dealers on a short credit. Don't forget to give us a call and examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

One door above Richard Smith's, No. 29, Fayetteville Street. H. L. EVANS,
GEO. T. COOKE.

Raleigh, March 19, 1851. 39—

Additional Supplies of SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

REMARKABLY CHEAP!

BEAUTIFUL printed and embroidered Muslins
Fancy colored Lawns, checked and Jaconet Muslins
Cotton Cambrics, and Irish Linens,
200 pieces splendid spring calicoes, at all prices,
London chints, and curtain calicoes,
Silk laces and ribbons for trimming fine dresses,
Laces, edgings and braids,
Fancy, silk, and glass buttons,
Fine buff, pink and purple Ginghams,
Tweeds cassimere and Kentucky Jeans,
Black Summer cloth and Alpaccas,
Navy drilling and brown linen,
Cottonade and Regetta Cassimeres, for men and boys,
Nankeen cloth and Marsailles Vesting,
Cotton Osnaburgs and Jeans,
Ladies fine Kid and Silk Gloves and Mitts,
Gentlemens black Hoskin and thread Gloves,
Ladies and Gentlemen's fancy Silk Neck H'd'k'f's and Cravats.
Ladies and Gentlemen's Silk and Linen H'd'k'f's.

These Goods, in addition to those already announced, together with others daily expected, enables the under, signed to present to the lovers of good taste, not only the largest, but the richest, the best and cheapest, and most elegant assortment of staple and fancy Dry Goods, he has ever offered in this market; and in the disposition of which, for like qualities and styles and beauty of designs he cannot and will not be undersold by any retail establishment in the State.

T. A MITCHELL.

Raleigh, May 6, 1851. 53—

MILTON FACTORY AND MILLS.

J. B. Barrett & J. D Newsom,

Having purchased Mr. Thomas W. Holden's interest in the Milton Cotton Factory and Mills, Lands, Tenements, and debts due the Firm of Barrett, Newsom and Holden, will continue the Manufacturing and Milling business.

They are now putting in operation a set of Woolen Machinery, for the purpose of manufacturing

WOOLEN GOODS,

and will also have two good CARDING MACHINES in order the ensuing season, which will not only afford a market for the sale of Wool, but enable planters to get

Domestic Woolens, Cotton Goods,

and also Wool Rolls of the first quality.

They have in their employment the most experienced mechanics, and will endeavor to merit public patronage.

BARRETT & NEWSOM.

Milton, March 25, 1851. 41—tf.

Humorous American Works,

With Illustrations by Darley, Price 50 cents.

POLLY Peablossom's Wedding,
Wild Western Scenes,
Simon Suggs,
Chronicles of Pineville,
Drama at Pokerville,
Mississippi Scenes,
Adventures of a Southern Medical Student,
Big Bear of Arkansas,
Major Jones Courtship.

For sale by HENRY D. TURNER.

Raleigh, April 1st, 1851. 43—

THE Fruit, Flower, and Kitchen Garden, by Patrick Neill. A practical Treatise on the Cultivation of the Grape Vine on Open Walls, to which is added a descriptive account of an Improved Method of Planting and managing the roots of Grape Vines, by Clement Hoare. For sale by

H. D. TURNER, N. C. Bookstore

June 25, 1851. —

CIGARS, CIGARS.

THOSE Cigars have arrived, and old and competent connoisseurs, have pronounced them the most superior cigars which have been brought here for sale, for many years. They consist of old Regalia, Principe, cheroots, London size Havanna, and German of various brands. P. F. PESCUD.

☞ I have also in store and am daily expecting fresh Congress Water, London Dock Porter and Brandy, Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines, selected for Medicinal purposes of the Importer warranted pure. P. F. P.

April 22, 1851. 49

ALEXANDER MACRAE, JR.,

IMPORTER OF

CHINA, GLASS, AND EARTHERN WARE,

And Wholesale & Retail Dealer in all kinds of

FARMING IMPLEMENTS,

South Side of Market St.

Wilmington, N. C.

Wilmington, Nov. 27, 1850. 8—

Bonnets. Spring Style, 1851.

JUST Received, a varied assortment of Misses' Flats, Boys and Infant's Hats, &c., Artificials &c., &c.

Also, a handsome lot of Parasols and Ladie's Umbrellas. HEARTT & LITCHFORD.

April 8th, 1851. 46—

BABBIT'S Soap, Powder, and Crain's Soap for washing without labor and warranted to take the stains out of table Linen and Napkins. A fresh supply just to hand and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

Raleigh, May 7, 1851. 52—

BLAKE'S Fire and Water Proof Paint is now used not exclusively where its virtues are known. It is the cheapest and most desirable paint ever used, and any person wishing to try it, can see specimens and procure circulars containing a full account of its merits at my store. I shall shall keep a constant supply for sale. Also, cheap Paint Oil at a very low price.

P. F. PESCUD.

Raleigh, May 9, 1851. 52—

P. F. PESCUD,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

RALEIGH, N. C.

HE has in Store and is now receiving his Spring stock of

English, Mediterranean and American Drugs,

MEDICINES And PERFUMERY.

ALSO, PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS, &C. &C.

Which were selected by himself of the Importers and manufacturers, in the Northern cities, and purchased almost exclusively for cash. From his increased facilities and large purchases, he is sure he can sell all articles in his line at as low rates as they can be had this side of the Potomac, after adding cost of freight.

Physicians and country merchants would consult their interest by giving his stock and prices an examination, feeling confident that he can please all who patronize his establishment.

TERMS—Six months credit or six per cent. deducted for cash, on orders amounting to $50 and upwards. All accounts must be paid, or closed by note the 1st of every year. P. F. PESCUD.

Raleigh, April 19, 1851. 49—

New Confectionary & Grocery Store.

3 Doors below the Post Office.

WM. GRIFFICE, & CO. have opened a Confectionary and Grocery Store, in Raleigh, 3 doors below the Post Office, where they have on hand, and will sell on reasonable terms the following articles:

GROCERIES.

Sugar and Coffee,	Crushed Sugar,
Do. St. Croix,	Havana do.
Candles and Soap,	Pepper and Spice,
Black and Imp. Tea,	Copperas and Ginger,
Saleratus and Snuff.	Brooms, &c. &c.

Myers' Best Chewing Tobacco.

Confectionaries.

Best Segars,	Water Crackers,
Dolls, Accordians,	Butter and Soda, do.
Fancy Candies, Citron,	Prunes, Cocoa Nuts,
Almonds, Filberts,	English Walnuts,
Palm Nuts,	Figs and Raisins,

And every thing usually kept in a Confectionary Store.

They will say to the public that they carry on the *Candy Making Business,*

and without boasting they can assure the public that they will sell the best Candy as cheap as any house in the place, and warrant it to be as good as can be made.

Merchants and others, buying by the wholesale, will find it to their interest to give them a call.

Raleigh, October 9, 1850. 836—tf.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

Henry D. Turner,

Publisher, Bookseller and Stationer

No. 1, FAYETTEVILLE ST. RALEIGH, N. C.

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Particular attention given to filling all orders complete from Booksellers, Merchants, Teachers, and private individuals. And every article in his line sold at the *lowest* prices for cash or approved credit, either at wholesale or retail.

All new works received as soon as published,

Raleigh, August 27, 1850. 830—

NEW STOCK OF BOOTS, SHOES, & SLIPPERS.

THE subscriber has just returned from the Northern Markets, where he has laid in a large and beautiful stock of articles in his line of business, embracing every description of fine and coarse wear.

His stock for Ladies and Misses, comprises every quality of Slippers, Walking Shoes, whole and half Gaiters, &c., &c., and his supply for Gentlemen and Boy's, such as will suit the taste of all.

He has also laid in a large supply of materials in his line, and brought on a firstrate workman from the North; and is therefore prepared to manufacture BOOTS, SHOES, &c., in a style unsurpassed by any other establishment in the City.

All he asks is a trial, feeling assured that he will be able to give satisfaction both in quality and price.

HENRY PORTER.

South East Corner Capitol Square.

Raleigh, Oct. 23d, 1850. 838—tf.

W. L. POMEROY,

(Successor to Pomeroy & O'Neal,)

BOOKSELLER & STATIONER,

No. 16, Fay. Street, opposite Post Office.

RALEIGH, N. C.

HAS on hand a large and valuable collection of Theological, Law, Medical, Scientific, Agricultural, Miscellaneous and School Books;

Blank Books and Stationery of all kinds.

Prices very low. Call and Examine. Orders filled with despatch.

Raleigh, May 24, 1851. 58—

SOUTHERN TRADE!!!

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

I am now receiving direct from Petersburg, Richmond and Baltimore, my

Spring and Summer Goods,

a suitable assortment carefully laid in by an experienced hand, and will continue to keep up such a supply of Groceries, Wares and Merchandise, as my customers may need, at moderate prices for cash, or on short credit to punctual customers. I will also attend to any Commission Business, with care, so as to satisfy those who may entrust the same to me. I will take in exchange for Goods Corn, Wheat, Oats, Fodder Flaxseed and Beeswax, with any other Produce that may suit the trade. Call at the Brick Store, near the Bank.

THOS. W. HOLDEN.

Milton N. C., June 4, 1851. 872—tf.

McMahon's American Gardener.

ADAPTED to the climates and seasons of the United States; Containing a complete account of all the work necessary to be done in the

Kitchen Garden,	Pleasure Ground,
Fruit Garden,	Flower Garden,
Orchard,	Green House,
Vineyard,	Hot House, and
Nursery,	Forcing Frames.

For every month in the year, ninth edition, greatly improved.

This is an invaluable work to all who wish to obtain any information on the subject of Gardening in all its various branches. Also, the Ladies Flower Garden Directory by Downing. For sale at

TURNER'S,
N. C. Book Stoore.

Raleigh, March 20, 1851. 40—

Mohr Redwood & Procter's Pharmacy

PRACTICAL Pharmacy—the Arrangement, Apparatus and Manipulaitons of the Pharmacetical shop and Laboratory; by Francis Mohr, Ph. D., and Theophilus Redwood; Edited with extensive additions, by William Procter, Jr., Professor of Pharmacy in the Philadelphia college of Pharmacy; Illustrated by 400 Engravings on wood. For sale by

HENRY D. TURNER.

Raleigh, April 25, 1851. 50—

The Subscriber has for Sale Low,

CHINE Fig'd, and plain changeable silks,
Black Groe De Rhine, Silk and Bl'k Alpaca,
Silk and cotton Trimmings, Hyacinth and other silk Buttons,
Bonnet, Cap, Neck, Belt and Taffety Ribbons,
French, Cambric and other Linen Cambric Handk'fs,
White, Black, and col'd Kid Gloves, sewing silk,
Jaconett and Swiss Edgings and Insertings, spool cotton,
White and Bl'k silk and cotton Hose, a great variety,
Brown and White ½ hose, Merino ½ hose,
Jaconett, cambtic, checked and plain Swiss Muslin,
Cambric, Dimity and paper cambrics, Brown and White Holland,
100 pieces Calico, various prices,
100 pieces Bleached and Brown sheeting and shirtings,
Kentucky Jeans, cottonades and Bed Ticking,
Apron check, brown and bleached Jeans,
White Granite and other Crockery, a great variety,
Loaf, crushed, clarified and Brown Sugar,
Old Java, Laguira and Rio Coffee, English Mustard,
Summer and other Hats, Collin's Axes,
Expected soon, by the R. & G. Rail Road a general assortment of Hardware and Cutlery.

Call and examine my stock,

J. BROWN,
No. 9, Fayetteville St.

Raleigh, April 22, 1851. 49—

LEATHER, LEATHER.

WE are now receiving our Stock of Leather for the Spring trade, which, for extent, variety and quality, has never been surpassed in Petersburg. We respectfully request an examination by our customers and all others who may want any articles in our line; and we pledge ourselves not to be undersold by any House in Virginia. Indeed, there are many articles of our own manufacture that we can sell as low as they are to be had in any Northern city. Below we give some of the leading articles:

1100 sides Oak and Hemlock Sole Leather.
350 do Russett and Waxed Upper Leather.
150 doz. Calf Skins, embracing 12 different grades.
150 do Lining and Binding Skins.
Skirting, Harness and Bridle Leather.
Bag Hides and Hog Skins.
Patent Leather of every kind.

F. A. & R. H. FORD.
No 21, Old Street,
Opposite B. P. Harrison's Saddlery.

Petersburg, Va

N. B. Always in store a supply of sewed and pegged Brogans of our own make at the lowest market prices.

Petersburg, Va., March 8, 1851. 36—tf.

A. B. STITH,

Agent, Commission Merchant and Dry Goods Broker, New York.

TENDERS his services to the Merchants, Planters, and citizens of the Southern States, and will attend to any business in his line—either in the sale of Produce or Merchandize, or the purchase of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Shoes, Hats, Furniture, Carriages, Musical and Agricultural instruments, Bagging Rope, Drugs, Medicines, &c. He flatters himself as a purchaser of goods for Southern Merchants, his experience will enable him to give entire satisfaction to the Merchants who may entrust to him their orders.

REFERENCES:

His Excellency Charles Manly, Raleigh.
William Hill, Secretary of State, do
G. W. Mordecai, Pres't B'k of State, do
Dr. J. O. Watson, Pres't Mu. In. Co., do
B. F. Moore, Esq., Attorney Gen., do
Matthew Shaw, Esq., Washington,
Hon. J. R. J. Daniel, Weldon.
Andrew Joyner, Esq., do
R. H. Lewis, Esq., Greensborough, Ala.

Raleigh, February 6, 1850. 796—

Baltimore Piano Manufactory.

Important Improvement.

ELASTIC UNIVERSAL TOUCH.

WISE & BROTHER, Manufacturers of Boudoir, Square and Grand Pianos, request those wanting a first rate Instrument—one that Ladie's can perform on with the greatest possible advantage, that is chaste of style, of superlative touch and tone, that will stand in concert tune, and last a life time, to call and see for themselves a sample Instrument at the Agent's office—Dr. W. R. SCOTT's.

These Instruments are more in general use in the City among the first critics of arts and science, and to whom we have the honor of referring. See the manufacturer's circulars, which may be obtained of the Agent. All Instruments warranted five years.

J. J. WISE & BRO.
Dr. W. R. SCOTT, Agent.

Raleigh, Jan. 11, 1850. 29—6m.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber, as successor to Cooke and Buffaloe in the Livery business, will continue its opperations in all its branches at his Stable on Wilmington Street, and solicits the patronage of his old friends and the public generally.

His prices must be arranged agreeably to the prices of produce and labour, and will be from and after the 1st day of February next, as follows,

Pairs of horses per month	15 00
Single do do	10 00
do do week	3 00
do do day	75

Quarterly settlements will be required in all instances, and persons having horses now in my care are requested to take them away immediately, if unwilling to comply with all the above conditions.

JERE. NIXON.

January 23, 1851 24—

New Watch and Jewelery Store.

W. H. THOMPSON Would respectfully inform the citizens of Raleigh and its vicinity, that he has opened a choice stock of

Watches and Jewelry,

in a part of the Store occupied by Mrs. Thompson as a Millinery establishment, where he offers for sale Gold and Silver watches, warranted correct time keepers, the latest styles of

Fashionable Jewelry,

such as Guard, Vest and Fob Chains, Cameo, stone and mourning Broaches; Plain, Chased and Stone Rings; Gold Pens and Pencils; Gold and Silver Thimbles; Studs, Collar and Sleeve Buttons, Ear Rings, Gold and Silver Spectacles, &c., Fancy Goods and Fine Cutlery, all of which will be sold cheap. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired in superior style Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange.

Sept. 21, 1849. 777—6m.

American Flower Garden.

DIRECTORY, containing practical directions for the Culture of Plants in the Flower Garden, Green House, Rooms, or Parlour Windows, for every month in the year, by Robert Buist, Nurseryman and Florist. For sale at the N. C. Book Store by

H. D. TURNER.

June 25, 1851. 68—

New American Novel.

THE MOTHER IN LAW—by Miss Emma D. E. Nevitt Southworth, Author of "The Deserted Wife," Retribution," "Shannondale," &c.

The Author of this volume has won

LATEST NEWS FROM CUBA.

Arrival of the Steamship Georgia—Great Excitement in Havana—No General Rising of the People—Movements of the Troops and Navy.

NEW YORK, August 7, 1851. The steamship Georgia has arrived from Chagres and Havana, bringing 430 passengers and Havana dates to August 2d. The news of the meeting of the Cuban sympathisers in New Orleans had created great excitement in Havana. On the night of August 1st, in consequence of news received by the Government, all the war vessels at Havana, except the Pizarro, left the port. Rumors were afloat that large bodies of armed men were collected on the Florida reefs prepared to make a descent upon the Island.

Despatches to the Government were hourly arriving from the interior, and the Government paper, on the 31st, had been printed with exciting news, but by order of the Captain General its issue was prohibited till the sailing of the Georgia.

Several insurgents who had been taken were shot, and but for the refusal of the troops to fire on the condemned there would have been many more. The Government has issued a proclamation offering pardon to all who will lay down their arms except the leaders, who, if taken will be shot or sent to Spain. The loyalty of many regiments is doubted. The troops who have lately arrived from Spain are dying rapidly from the effects of the climate. A report was in circulation that Matanzas had rebelled, and troops had been sent to that point.

Those who had raised the Standard of Liberty consisted of small parties who acted without concert—and were easily put down by the troops. It is said but few lives were spared among those found with arms in their hands, as they were killed on the spot.

[Telegraphed for the Baltimore Sun.]

NEW YORK, August 8. The Cuban Junta in this city have received advices by the Georgia which, if true, falsify those furnished by the Government papers in Havana for circulation is this country. From the accounts given by the revolutionists themselves, it appears that an engagement took place on the 28th of last month, the result of which has been favorable to the insurgents. Moreover, it is stated that the revolutionists, in one district, number two thousand foot and six hundred horse; and this fact, if it is really one, shows that the force of the insurgents is much more extensive than has been anticipated.

[Correspondence of the New York Tribune.]

HAVANA, Saturday, August 2.

The night of the 31st of July, on account of the intelligence received from New Orleans by the steamer Falcon, the Spanish corvette Venus, commandant Antonio Montojo, and the brig-of-war Valdes, commandant Joseph Rodriguez, went to sea to keep a look-out off the Father of Waters. The Falcon brought 9 passengers for Havana and 135 for the North and the West. The brig built in your city for the slave trade arrived safely at Cardenas last week, having touched the "dog-rocks" without injury, *on deck*. The captain and crew go home in one of your packets.

We have a rumor that is too strong (almost equal to Spanish officials) in favor of the Republicans of the Eastern District, to obtain confidence—"that to the North of Guánamaquin, in a skirmish with 90 Lancers, 80 were killed and badly wounded." This is impossible, unless it was a night surprise. It is also said that "four pieces of artillery have been taken from the Spanish troops in another encounter," and that "actually under arms, in various parts of the same District, there are two thousand men."

We are shut out from the regular way of intelligence, and compelled to make much allowance for the exaggeration of both parties. I do not report the thousandth part of what I hear, and nothing that does not come with some reasonable showing, and with what we are obliged to depend upon as authority, although in the employment of the Government. Names we cannot use—and *given items* we cannot allude to, as it would lead to the discovery of our sources of information. The Government, by the papers to-day, with official reports—compliments to the gallantry of the troops and loyalty of the "ever faithful"—has *again* closed the disturbances, which will probably *endure* until the mail comes in to-morrow.

The acknowledged increase of pronunciamentos and armed parties approaching to the western part of the island and capital, by the Government, although with affectation of their insignificance, is sufficient to demonstrate positively the public sentiment, and to give to our social relations in this city, that indefinite and silent character which may indicate the slumbering storm. At Cienfuegos and Trinidad there have been organizations as far as arms could be procured—and were it not with the connivance of the people, this could not happen. They may be chased and run down, but the arms, in other hands, will spring up in other quarters, to give constant occupation to the squads of troops that are patroling the country, until they can can procure the means they wait for, adequate to their wants, and the determination they will make.

Notwithstanding the published statements and orders, it is said, upon what is conceived as *good authority*, that there are near two thousand patriots embodied in the mountains of Najesa; and that the parties taken have only surprised a few who ventured to their plantations, for matters associated with their individual affairs; and that the results have not materially affected the spirit or plans of the party.

Q. U. O.

THE CUBAN AFFAIR. The general impression of the N. York and some other journals, is, that the Cuba insurrection has flashed out, and that only the speed of the "Pampero," the steamer Lopez is in, will save him and his men.

The New York correspondent of the Philadelphia Inquirer, writing on Thursday evening, says:

The news from the revolutionary movement in Cuba, published this morning, has had a dampening effect upon the friends of the patriots. Much will, however, depend upon the successful landing of those who have recently left this city and New Orleans, to join the insurgents. I heard last night that four hundred men had been enrolled in this city, who will start for the scene of action in a few days, and who have expressed their determination not to be interrupted in this movement by the officers of the federal government. They will not sail from this city, and nothing short of a vessel of war will stop them, as they are prepared with artillery and small arms. This movement is deeply laid, and though it should fail this time, it will be attempted again before the end of the year.

It is probable, says the Baltimore Sun, that both the government and the revolutionists are endeavoring to operate on the popular feeling in this country by false and exaggerated statements. The following telegraphic despatches from New Orleans show that equally contradictory letters and statements have been received in that quarter.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 5, 11 A. M. The Cherokee has arrived. Private letters received by her, from Havana, state that the revolution has been put down, and that many of the insurgents had been captured and shot.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 5, 2 P. M. The Picayune has published an extra, containing a letter from Havana, which states that the revolution had *not* been put down, but that the patriots held their own—that Trinidad, Cienfugas, and Villa Clara had sent out their bands, and that banners had been raised, on the 28th ult., at Guines and Miranda.

The sloop of war Albany, and steamer Vixen sailed from Pensacola on Saturday, it is supposed for Cuba.

P. S. Since the above was in type, we have received the New York papers of yesterday morning, which contain letters and statements not only contradicting all the rumors of the surrender, capture, and shooting of the patriots, but that the revolution is progressing beyond the expectations of the most sanguine, and that thousands are flocking to the standard of liberty. A postscript to a letter dated Havana, Aug. 2, says:

I have this moment perused a printed document dated the 21th of July, issued by the insurgents, entrenched in the fastnesses of Los Corcois, announcing themselves to number 2,000 foot and 600 cavalry, in every way equipped for war, and that Capt. Fortuna and sixty of the Queen's troops had gone over to them on that day.

The letters furnished to the press by the Cuban Junto, fill nearly three columns of the Tribune and are accompanied by a card signed by the friends of Cuba in New York, vouching for the character of the writers and the truthfulness of their extracts from the letters received.

CUBA—A GLANCE AT THE ISLAND.

The Island of Cuba is likely to form a subject for deep interest for some time to come. Its position, population, products and resources are therefore matters of special attention.

The Island is situated between 23° 12' N. lat., and 19° 43' N. lat. In length it is 770 English miles—its breadth varies from 25 to 90 miles. The greatest distance one can get from the sea, is about 43 miles. About two-thirds of the Island are from 60 to 80 miles in breadth, and it measures on its surface about 4,000 English square miles. The eastern part is very mountainous, and some of the peaks are from 7,000 to 8,000 feet above the level of the sea. The vallies in the eastern department are exceedingly picturesque and fruitful. Cuba was discovered by Columbus on the 27th October, 1492. In 1519, Havana was founded. The cultivation of sugar cane was introduced about 1580, and slaves began to be imported about four years after. When first discovered, the Island had an Indian population of about 200,000. The greater part soon perished under the hardships imposed by the Europeans. Only a few half breeds remain in the Eastern Department. In 1755, the exportation of sugar from Havana in a year, was comparatively inconsiderable. The English took Havana in 1762, and gave it up in 1763, in exchange for other possessions and advantages. During the siege, great numbers of the British fell victims to the *vomito*. Many were also poisoned or assassinatd by the Cubans.

The position of the island is admirable, being within a few days sail of the Atlantic ports of the United States, and 2½ days by steam from N. Orleans. The soil is generally fertile, producing the sugar cane in the highest perfection; no part of the world is more favorable for the growth, and indeed, the climate and soil admit of the cultivation of all kinds of tropical fruits and productions, which might be cultivated in quantity, to reach ten times the present amount, as, of 24 millions acres comprising the surface of the island, only two millions are under cultivation, about 3 millions being in natural pasturage, 500,000 in artificial pasturage, 14 millions in woodlands, and the rest, 4 and a half millions, are barren lands. In the Western Department about one fourth of the land is barren, one fourth in woodlands, and the remaining two fourths are equally devoted to cultivation and pasture. In the Central Department about one third is barren land, and only one 37th part is under cultivation, about an 11th part in pasture, and more than three fifths are woodlands. In the Eastern Department about a 12th is under cultivation, the balance being nearly all in wood lands.

Supposing the Island to be divided into 72 parts 13 would represent the size of the Western Department, 31 the Central Department, and 28 the Eastern. Of the cultivated land, one half is in the Western Department, one-sixth in the Central, and two-sixths in the Eastern Department. The principal agricultural productions are, the sugar cane, coffee, molasses, honey, rum, tobacco, wax, rice; cocoa and cotton are also produced, with many other minor articles.

In 1841, when the number of sugar estates on the island amounted to 1,238, upon which were employed, according to the census, but 138,701 persons, giving an average of 112 hands to each estate, the exportation of sugar from all the ports of the island amounted to about 850,000 boxes, according to the Custom House returns, which would allow upon an average, 686 boxes to each estate, or six boxes to each hand; however, making allowance for the sugar not entered at the Custom House, as the article then paid an export duty of $1 per box, and also taking into consideration that which was consumed in the island, the produce of each estate upon an average might be about 900 boxes, or 8 to each hand; nor does this amount appear to be too great to allow, when the best lands afford upwards of 6000 pounds of dry sugar, to the acre. In Louisiana, where the best lands produce about 3000 pounds to the acre, the average produce of each hand is about 5000 pounds.

Besides the cultivation of the sugar cane, large quantities of coffee are produced; however, this article is not so extensively cultivated as it was some ten years since, when upwards of fifty millions pounds weight was exported from the different ports of the Island. Last year, the most favorable during the last few years, showed but an export of thirty-five million pounds of coffee. Brazil has been able to furnish this product at a lower rate, and consequently that of Brazil has taken the place of Cuba coffee, in the markets of the United States; therefore, sugar is now produced in many parts where coffee was once cultivated, or the hands have been turned over to new estates, in the fertile regions in the neighborhood of Cardenas, &c.

The climate and soil of Cuba in general, are not so favorable for the cultivation of coffee, as for the sugar cane, tobacco and the other articles; however, the Eastern District appears to be well suited to the production of coffee, the crop there being more certain, and the quality of the bean infinitely superior. A billy or rather mountainous country seems to be the most favorable to the tree.

The celebrated Mocha Coffee, which is indigenous to Arabia and to that part of Africa on the opposite side of the Red Sea, grows without cultivation on the rocky sides of the mountains.

After coffee, tobacco is the next article of consequence produced. There are various kinds, which derive their different qualities from the peculiarities of the soil in which they are cultivated.

The most esteemed is that which is produced in the Vuelta Abajo, about a hundred miles west of Havana, in the jurisdiction of New Filipina; of this the finest Havana segars are made. It costs from 40 to 120 dollars per bale, according to the quality and the crop. Some years the crop is very inferior, so that it is impossible for a manufacturer always to supply the same quality of segars. The next to the tobacco of the Vuelta Abajo, is that called "partido" some of which is very good, and is used in making those segars of which astonishing bargains are very often obtained. There is another kind of tobacco grown in the Western Department, in which the two classes mentioned are grown; it has a coarse leaf and is called De Vuelta Arriba; also the tobacco grown in the Eastern Department goes by that name, of which there are two kinds, the Santiago de Cuba tobacco and the Yara. The Yara tobacco is sometimes very fine, and of this the best Principe segars are made. Many persons have sown the Vuelta de Abajo seed in the States, but never have they been able to raise tobacco from it in any respect similar in flavor to the original kind. The soil gives the flavor, and its cultivation cannot be extended even in Cuba.

The other articles of consequence produced are wax, honey and rice. The two first of these articles are exported in very large quantities; the last mentioned article is produced to the amount of 40,000 tierces or about 24 millions of pounds, but it is insufficient for the consumption of the Island; so that large quantities of rice are imported from Charleston, Savannah, Spain, South America and latterly from Manilla; however, that from Charleston is most esteemed, and from that place the largest quantity is imported. Wax is produced to the amount of about 800,000 pounds, and honey to the amount of two million gallons. Cotton is little cultivated, 650 bales being about the amount produced.

The other vegetable articles are, all kinds of tropical fruits, sweet potatoes, yams, arrow root, cocoa, indian corn, castor oil, and different kinds of woods, such as cedar, mahogany, lance wood, and other hard woods used by turners, etc.

Cattle to the number of about 900,000 head are owned in the island, and there are about 200,000 horses, 50,000 mules, and large numbers of smaller animals.

The annual product of the vegetable and animal creation, on a moderate calculation, may be set down at about $75,000,000.

In minerals, the island is very rich; of Copper mines, no less than 114 mines have been discovered in the island, 57 in the Eastern Department 18 in the Central and 45 in the Western. The mine at Cobre, worked by an English Company, has shipped from 27,000 to 43,000 tons per annum valued at 2 1-2 to 4 1-2 millions of dollars. The other Departments have not as yet shipped more than about 2000 tons per annum. Coal, iron, silver, and amianthus have been discovered.

The revenue of the Island, according to Mr. T. W. Wilsons, from whose valuable work upon Cuba we have compiled most of the foregoing, is about $12,000,000. The population is about 1,200,000. But our limits are exhausted.

All infidelity proceeds from corruption; were there no sensuality, christianity would receive universal approbation; and hence more mischief is to be apprehended from the unblushing immorality of a Sterne than from the voluminous and mystical nonsense of a thousand Godwins.

ADVENTURE WITH A GRIZZLY BEAR.*

I now took a long farewell of the horses, and turned northward, selecting a line close in by the base of the hills, going along at an improved pace, with a view of reaching the trading post the same night; but stopping in a gully to look for water, I found a little pool evidently scratched out by a bear, as there were foot-points and claw-marks about it; and I was aware instinct prompts that brute where water is nearest the surface, when he scratches until he comes to it. This was one of very large size, the foot-mark behind the toes being fully nine inches; and although I had my misgivings about the produce of a *tete-a-tete* with a great grizzly bear, still the "better part of valor" was overcome, as it often is, by the anticipated honor and glory of a single combat, and conquest of such a ferocious beast. I was well armed, too, with my favorite rifle, a Colt's revolver, that never disappointed me, and a nondescript weapon, a sort of cross betwixt a claymore and a bowie-knife; so, after capping afresh, hanging the bridle on the horn of the saddle, and staking my mule, I followed the trail up a gully, and much sooner than I expected came within view and good shooting distance of Bruin, who was seated erect, with his side toward me, in front of a manzanita bush, making a repast on his favorite berry.

The sharp click of the cock causing him to turn quickly round, left little time for deliberation; so, taking a ready good aim at the region of the heart, I let drive, the ball (as I subsequently found) glancing along the ribs, entering the armpit, and shattering smartly some of the shoulder bones. I exulted as I saw him stagger and come to his side; the next glance, however, revealed him, to my dismay on all fours, in direct pursuit, but going lame; so I bolted for the mule, sadly encumbered with a huge pair of Mexican spurs, the nervouse noise of the crushing brush close in my rear convincing me he was fast gaining on me; I therefore dropped my rifle, putting on fresh steam, and reaching the rope, pulled up the picket-pin, and springing into the saddle with merely a hold of the lariat, plunged the spurs into the mule, which, much to my affright produced a kick and a retrograde movement; but in the exertion having got a glimpse of my pursuer, uttering a snort of terror, he went off at a pace I did not think him capable of, soon widening the distance betwixt us and the bear; but having no means of guiding his motions, he brought me in contact with the arm of a tree, which unhorsed and stunned me exceedingly. Scrambling to my feet as well as I could, I saw my relentless enemy close at hand, leaving me the only alternative of ascending a tree; but, in my hurried and nervous efforts, I had scarcely my feet above his reach, when he was right under, evidently enfeebled by the loss of blood, as the exertion made it well out copiously. After a moment's pause, and a fierce glare upward from his blood-shot eyes, he clasped the trunk; but I saw his endeavors to climb were crippled by the wounded shoulder. However, by the aid of his jaws, he just succeeded in reaching the first branch with his sound arm, and was working convulsively to bring up the body, when, with a well-directed blow from my cutless, I completely severed the tendons of the foot, and he instantly fell with a dreadful sous and horrific growl, the blood spouting up as if impelled from a jet. He rose again somewhat tardily, and limping round the tree with upturned eyes, kept tearing off the bark with his tusks. However, watching my opportunity, and leaning downward, I sent a ball from my revolver with such good effect immediately behind the head, that he dropped; and my nerves being now rather more composed, I leisurely distributed the remaining five balls in the most vulnerable parts of his carcase.

By this time I saw the muscular system totally relaxed, so I descended with confidence, and found him quite dead, and myself not a little enervated with the excitement and the effects of my wound, which bled profusely from the temple; so much so, that I thought an artery was ruptured. I bound up my head as well as I could, loaded my revolver anew, and returned for my rifle; but as evening was approaching, and my mule gone, I had little time to survey the dimensions of my fallen foe, and no means of packing much of his flesh. I therefore hastily hacked off a few steaks from his thigh, and hewing off one of his hind feet as a sure trophy of victory, I set out toward the trading-post, which I reached about midnight, my friend and my truant mule being there before me, but no horses.

I exhibited the foot of my fallen foe in great triumph, and described the conflict with due emphasis and effect to the company, who arose to listen; after which I made a transfer of the flesh to the traders, on condition that there was not to be any charge for the hotel or the use of the mule. There was an old experienced French trapper of the party, who, judging from the size of the foot, set down the weight of the bear at 1500 lbs., which he said they frequently overrun, he himself, as well as Colonel Fremont's exploring party, having killed several that came to 2000 lbs. He advised me, should I again be pursued by a bear, and have no other means of escape, to ascend a small-girthed tree, which they can not get up, for, not having any central joint in the fore-legs, they can not climb any with a branchless stem that does not fully fill their embrace; and in the event of not being able to accomplish the ascent before my pursurer overtook me, to place my back against it, when, if it and I did not constitute a bulk capable of filling his hug, I might have time to rip out his entrails before he could kill me, being in a most favorable posture for the operation. They do not generally use their mouth in the destruction of their victims, but, hugging them closely, lift one of the hind-feet, which are armed with tremendous claws, and tear out the bowels. The Frenchman's advice reads rationally enough, and is a feasible theory on the art of evading unbearable compression; but, unfortunately, in the haunts of that animal those slim juvenile saplings are rarely met with, and a person closely confronted with such a grizzly *vis-a-vis* is not exactly in a tone of nerve for surgical operations.

*From Kelly's "Excursion to California."

Our accounts from the South are highly encouraging. In Mississippi, Alabama, and Georgia, the cause of the Southern and State rights is advancing. The current and movement in its favor are growing stronger and stronger, and acquiring a momentum that must overthrow opposition. The advocates of the compromise have been put on the defensive, and it is undergoing a thorough and searching discussion. We are told that the changes of opinion going against it are numerous. Its advocates have attempted to avoid the issue by substituting that of the Union and Disunion. But a large body of the people in Georgia and Mississippi have refused to accept this issue. They are resolved first to seek within the Union for a remedy for such an outrage, but they think before a remedy is sought, the evil and its authors must be distinctly identified.

We have just seen a gentleman of much influence in Florida, who handed us a list of fifty new subscribers, obtained with great ease in his neighborhood, and who says that in coming through Georgia he was informed of hundreds who formerly supported the compromise, that now oppose it. We have also seen a gentleman in this vicinity, just returned from Virginia, who says he found the opposition to the compromise there, far greater in extent and intensity than he had any idea of before. He says that among the planters and farmers of the State, the most determined purpose was declared against permitting any federal force to march against a seceding State. They know too well the meaning and consequences of such a movement. And we are also authentically informed of the opinions of men of the highest position in Maryland that would astound the body of Southern submissionists. A highly intelligent gentleman from Mississippi, just arrived, says Foote's defeat is certain. He informs us the excitement has grown so high there that a discussion has almost ceased among acquaintances on account of the feeling created.

Southern Press.

WHAT SHE HAS DONE. Pennsylvania alone from a fragment of her soil, poured forth coal in 1850, to the value of over *twenty millions of dollars*, more than fifteen times the coinage (setting California aside) of our own gold and silver within that period. Take all our coal, add to it our iron, our copper, our lead, and the sum of wealth swells into vastness, and the future multiples by tens. Let us be true to our wealth, lying in and on our own soil, and we shall a hundred years hence, exceed all that the poets in past ages saw in their golden visions in India, or that the imagination can conceive of the promised richness of California.

Pottsville Democrat.

Disinterested benevolence constitutes the preparation for Heaven. It is the proper essence of the angelic state—it is the employment and felicity—the beauty and substance—the origin and continuance of Heaven.

NORTH CAROLINA RAIL ROAD.

Estimated Cost—223 Miles Long.

Graduation including Drains,	$964,266 17
Bridging and Culverts,	340,569 50
Cattle Guards,	12,825 00
Depots and Water stations,	26,650 00
Road Crossings and Changes of Road,	14,392 50
	$1,358,703 17
Track including Turnouts,	$1,486,336 00
Engineering and Superintendence,	151,550 80
Contingencies,	137,743 24
Land Damages,	31,000 00
	3,165,333 21
General Shops for Repairs, &c.,	100,000 00
Equipment of Road Locomotives, &c.,	139,800 00
Total cost,	$3,405,123 21

Estimated Cost of work to be done and materials furnished in the State of North Carolina.

Graduation including Drains,	$964,266 17
Bridging and Arch Culverts, less Cement and Lime,	288,923 75
Road crossings and changes of Road less Cement for bridge at Salisbury,	13,615 00
Depots and Water Stations,	26,600 00
Cattle Guards,	12,825 00
Timber for superstructive and laying track,	224,379 24
	$1,530,659 16
Transportation of Iron,	$45,000 00
Shops,	60,000 00
Coaches and Cars,	64,200 00
Total cost,	$1,699,859 16

The N. C. Railroad Company
In account with Jed. H. Lindsay, Tres'r.

1851. DR.

To amount of Expenditures on account of Surveys,	$21,055 91
" Expenditures on account of Salaries,	6,499 93
" Expenditures on account of Mileage,	553 00
" Expenditures on account of Printing,	73 25
" Office Expenditures,	514 60
" Cash in Bank at Raleigh,	4,557 30
" Cash in Bank at Salisbury,	16,300 00
" Cash in hands of Treasurer,	446 01
	$50,000 00

CR.

By amount received of Capital Stock, $50,000 00

JED. H. LINDSAY, Treasurer.

List of the Engineer Corps employed on the Survey and Location of the North Carolina Rail Road, from the commencement of operations to the completion of the location.

WALTER GWYNN, Chief Engineer.

First Division.

L. M. Prevost, Jr. Principal Assistant Engineer.
J. P. Robertson, Aesistant "
Fleming Gardner, do "
F. P. Cooper, do "

Second Division.

John C. McRae, Principal Assistant Engineer.
Frank Sanders, do "
Roger P. Atkinson, do "

Third Division.

Joseph L. Gregg, Principal Assistant Engineer.
Samuel Dale, do "
Barry D. Hewetson, do "
James S. Morrison, do "

Fourth Division.

John McRae, Principal Assistant Engineer.
William Frye, do "
T. I. Sumner, do "

List of the members of the Engineer Corps now in the service of the N. C. R. R. Company.

WALTER GWYNN, Chief Engineer.

First Division.

L. M. Prevost, Jr., Principal Assistant Engineer.

Second Division.

John C. McRae, Principal Assistant Engineer.
Frank Sanders, do "

Third Division.

J. L. Gregg, Principal Assistant Engineer.
Samuel Dale, do "
James L. Morrison, do "

Fourth Division.

John McRae, Principal Assistant Engineer.
William Frye, do "
T. I. Sumner, do "

HOW TO ENCOURAGE ABOLITIONISTS. We extract the following admirable remarks from a speech of Mr. Bocock, M. C. from Va., at a dinner given him in Prince Edward Co.

"Talk of encouraging South Carolina!—there is an interest and influence more dangerous to the Union than South Carolina, which you may encourage.

When you reject those who have battled for Southern rights, and had the termerity to resist Northern aggression, and when you put in their places men who have continually thought the South wrong and the North right, will you not thereby encourage the aggressive spirit of the North? Will they not say "behold the reward of those who stand out against us?" Will you not also do much to deter Southern men from defending the rights of their own section? The Northern porton of the Union has the power—ambition naturally turns its eye to her, as we see from brilliant examples too palpably before our eyes. Party leaders and the party press must look chiefly to her for aid and assistance—almost every other influence beguiles public men into the fold of the North. Let Southern voters fail to sustain those who are true to Southern rights, and the doom of the South is sealed forever. In your effort then to restrain South Carolina, see that you do not encourage the spirit of Northern aggression. Seward, Sumner & Co., say that they may do what they please about slavery, and the Union will be in no danger, because the South will not dare to resist anything. Will you not strengthen them in that opinion, if you raise the cry of Union, Union, merely because Southern Representatives did not aid the Northern majority in passing measures, which nearly all confess did not give justice to the South?

I am not an agitator, never was, and in my nature never can be. I love ease and quiet too well. But I will never surrender the dearest rights of my constituents even for peace. There is a mode of preventing effectually all further excitement on the slavery question. It is, to yield unhesitatingly to the North whatever she claims. Yield her the right to tax you for the purpose of fostering her own interests; to exclude you entirely from the common territory of the Union; to abolish slavery in the District of Columbia; finally yield up to the slaves themselves, and you may have calm of the Dead Sea. You may have repose, but it will be "sleep that knows no waking." If you wish this calm and this repose, take your representatives from the school of politicians to which I have alluded, and which may be designated as that of the "Southern men with Northern feelings."

TRADE WITH THE SOUTH. We are pleased to learn, says the Baltimore American, that quite an active trade is anticipated bewteen the merchants of Baltimore and those from the different cities South of us. A number of new customers from the South and South West have recently appeared as purchasers in the market, and it is a pleasing duty to record the fact that these have invariably expressed themselves pleased not only with the assortment of goods in the hands of the Baltimore merchants, but also with the kind and hospitable manner in which they were treated while sojourning here. During the past week a large lot of coffee was purshased by a merchant from Augusta, Ga., which is said to be the first merchandize of any importance ever bought in Baltimore for that city. The Southern merchants evince at present a stronger disposition to stop in Baltimore and make purchases than ever before. We are inclined to believe that if they are not satisfied with the inducements held out by the Baltimore market it is no fault of her interprising merchants, who are well supplied with all descriptions of goods needed by the people of the South.

Three cent pieces are likely to meet an extensive and formidable opposition from a direction not anticipated. It is said the churches are great sufferers by their introduction, as they now drop into the bag instead of the *five cent* pieces, thereby causing a considerable reduction in the amount of revenue received.

SEMI-WEEKLY STANDARD.

The Constitution and the Union of the States! "They must be Preserved."

RALEIGH:

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 13, 1851.

THE RESULT IN THIS STATE.

The people of this State voted on Thursday last for nine members of Congress. Though we have not received all the returns, sufficient intelligence is at hand to enable us to form a correct opinion as to the general result. Our readers will find under their appropriate heads all the returns we have received.

In the First District, which is largely Whig, the Hon. *Thomas L. Clingman*, Southern Rights Whig, has doubtless been elected over Col. B. S. Gaither, Consolidation Whig. We have no returns from this District.

In the Second District, the Hon. *J. P. Caldwell*, Consolidation Whig, has been re-elected without opposition.

In the Third District, Gen. *Alfred Dockery*, Consolidation Whig, has been elected in place of Mr. Deberry, Whig, over the Hon. Green W. Caldwell, Southern Rights Democrat.

In the Fourth District, *James T. Morehead*, Esq., Consolidation Whig, has been elected without opposition. We have no returns from this District.

In the Fifth District, the Hon. *A. W. Venable*, Southern Rights Democrat, has been re-elected by a large majority over the Hon. Calvin Graves, who was voted for by the Whigs.

In the Sixth District, the Hon. *J. R. J. Daniel*, Southern Rights Democrat, has been re-elected, also by a large majority over H. W. Miller, Esq., who was voted for by the Whigs.

In the Seventh District, the Hon. *William S. Ashe*, Southern Rights Democrat, has been re-elected without opposition. We have no returns from this District.

In the Eighth District, the Hon. *Edward Stan'y*, Consolidation Whig, has been re-elected over Thomas Ruffin, Esq., Southern Rights Democrat.

In the Ninth District, the Hon. *David Outlaw*, Consolidation Whig, has been re-elected. We have no returns from this District.

North Carolina will therefore send three Democrats, five Consolidation Whigs, and one Southern Rights Whig to the next Congress.

Comments hereafter.

A STRANGE COMPLAINT.

The Raleigh Register of Saturday last very strangely complains of the present arrangement of the Congressional Districts of this State. That paper says:

"The arrangements of the Districts are such, as to forbid that triumphant voice in which North Carolina should speak, in vindication of, and in support of the Compromise, and of our noble President. Some, as fully aroused to a sense of national perpetuity, as any in the country, will be represented by men, who do not look a foot beyond the first effect of personal advancement. Others will send their spokesmen, who take their seats quietly in the Hall of the Chamber of Representatives, without having been put to the trouble of inquiring whether they had opposition or not. Such is not the true position of the State, but we may witness the effects of a constrained or distorted expression of opinion."

Why, the Whigs had it all their own way in 1846. They altered the Districts, at that time, to suit themselves; and in the Third and Eighth Districts, where the contest has recently been so animated, they gave themselves decided majorities. They had in the Eighth District in 1846, from five to seven hundred majority, and in the Third some fifteen hundred majority. In addition to this they so arranged the Counties as to secure most certainly to themselves four more Districts, while in this District and in the Wilmington District they piled up at least five thousand Democratic majority. If the voices thus stifled or rendered ineffective by partizan legislation, could have been fairly heard in this election, the Democrats would have sent five members instead of three to the next Congress. These are facts, which the Raleigh Register will find it impossible to meet.

WAKE COUNTY.

The following is the vote of Wake County, at the election held on Thusday last for a member of the House of Representatives:

	Daniel.	Miller.	Scattering
Raleigh,	106	177	4
Banks,	40	6	
Rolesville,	100	29	2
Upchurches,	31	10	
Busbees,	22	46	
Nat. Jones,	48	3	
Joel Jones,	47	2	
Haye's Store,	29	12	
Weatherspoon's,	24	1	
Lynn's	7	33	
Sterling Spikes,	21	19	
Forestville,	15	19	1
Dunnville,	27	18	1
Oak Grove,	26	32	
New Light,	99	33	1
Simms',	15	20	
Barney Jones,	71	1	
Wakefield,	10	11	
Eagle Rock,	2	37	
Buck Horn,	34		
	767	509	9
	509		
Daniel's majority,	258		

The polls were not opened at Duprees and at Ridgway. There was no excitement in Wake, and a small vote was the consequence. The County has polled only about half her strength.

WARREN COUNTY.

We are indebted to Mr. Sheriff Judkins for the vote of Warren, by Precincts, as follows:

	Daniel, D.	Miller, W.	Scattering.
Warrenton,	154	42	6
Sandy Creek	83	6	1
Haw Tree,	53		
Six Pound,	60		
Shearin's,	47	2	
Grove Hill,	48	3	
Nut-Bush,	55	19	
	500	72	7
	72		
Daniel's maj.	428		

We give to-day all the news we have from Cuba. It will be seen that the accounts are contradictory. We trust the patriots are making headway against their oppressors, but we must confess we have our fears.

Hon. Reuben Wood, the present incumbent, has been nominated as a candidate for the office of Governor of Ohio, by the Democrats, and Colonel Wm. Medill as Lieutenant Governor.

The people of Tennessee voted on Thursday last for Governor, members of Congress, and State officers. We have no news from that State.

A new Post Office has been established in Robeson county, called "Smith's Bridge," and John Smith is Postmaster.

THIRD DISTRICT.

In this District the candidates for Congress were the Hon. Green W. Caldwell, State Rights Democrat, and Gen. Alfred Dockery, Consolidation Whig. The following table exhibits the vote in this District in 1849, and we have inserted in it the returns of the late election as far as received up to the time of going to press.

	1849. Deberry, W.	Caldwell, D.	1851. Caldwell, D.	Deberry, W.	
Lincoln and Gaston,	432	1165			
Mecklenburg and Union,	617	1139			
Stanly,	695	99	54		769
Cabarrus,	690	511			
Montgomery,	418	176			
Richmond,	492	134	189		601
Anson,	1020	538	498		1107
Moore,	535	537	426		466
	4,899	4,299			
	4,299				
Deberry's maj,	600				

Gen. Dockery is doubtless re-elected by an increased majority over Mr. Deberry's majority. The next [Congress will certainly be characterized by "firmness of purpose and great strength of intellect." That is some consolation, at any rate.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

The Hon. A. W. Venable, Southern Rights Democrat, has been re-elected to Congress from this District by an increased majority. We give all the returns we have received:

	Venable.	Graves.
Orange,	670	709
Alamance,	588	427
Caswell,	904	144
Granville,	250 rep. maj.	
Chatham,		150 rep. maj.
Person,		

Mr. Venable's majority, as far as heard from, is 982. Person will doubtless increase it to 1,200.

The Whigs of the District generally voted for the Hon. Calvin Graves, of Caswell.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Gen. J. R. J. Daniel, Southern Rights Democrat, was the candidate for Congress in this District. He had no regular opposition, though Henry W. Miller, Esq., was generally voted for by the Whigs. We give the result as far as it has come to hand:

	Daniel, D.	Miller, W.	Scattering.
Wake,	767	509	9
Franklin,			
Warren,	500	72	7
Halifax,			
Edgecombe,			
Nash,			
Johnston,	486	225	47

Gen. Daniel is no doubt re-elected by from 1,500 to 2,000 majority.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

In this District the candidates for Congress were Col. Thomas Ruffin, of Wayne, State Rights Democrat, and Hon. Edward Stanly, Consolidation Whig. We publish below a table of the vote two years ago, between Mr. Lane, Democrat, and Mr. Stanly; and we have given in the same table the returns from the late election, so far as received up to the time of going to press:

	1849. Stanly W.	Lane D	1851. Ruffin D.	Stanly W.
Wayne,	291	1078	1125	298
Greene,	296	318	350	323
Lenoir,	270	437	446	273
Jones,	210	182		
Craven,	673	686		
Carteret,	484	405		
Beaufort,	888	618	572	1010
Pitt,	702	606	611	657
Hyde,	476	333		
Washington,	336	188	211	404
Tyrrell,	361	89		
	4987	4940		
	4940			
Stanly's maj.	47			

Jones, Craven, Carteret, Hyde, and Tyrrell still to be heard from.

Mr. Stanly is no doubt re-elected by an increased majority. The candidate of the Boston Atlas—Greely's first choice has triumphed in the midst of a slave-holding people. Mr. Stanly has said in substance, and will no doubt say now, that the South has no good cause for complaining of Northern aggressions; and this assertion has been endorsed and approved by the people of a District owning as many slaves as any other District in the State!

INDIANA.

We copy the following telegraphic despatch from the Washington Union, which contains the result of the late election in Indiana:

"INDIANAPOLIS, August 8. Returns from nearly the whole State are in, and the following gentlemen will represent Indiana in the next Congress: Dunham, Robinson, Hendricks, Gorman, Davis, Mace, Fitch, and Borden, (democrats,) and Parker, (Whig.) The first district remains to be heard from. In one county of the district, (Harrison,) DeBrule (whig) has 300 majority—being a gain of 127 since the last congressional election. The legislature is democratic."

There were three Whig and eighteen or twenty Democratic members of the House from the free States who voted for the fugitive-slave law. Of these three Whigs only Mr. McGaughey, if Indiana, was a candidate for re-election, and he has been defeated by some 500 majority. We state the fact—let the people draw their own inferences.

ALABAMA.

The last Charleston Mercury contains the following summary of the result of the late election in Alabama:

"ALABAMA. From telegraphic despatches and private information, we are led to believe that the recent political contest in this State has resulted in the election of the Southern Rights Candidate for Governor; a Southern Rights majority in the Legislature, who will elect a successor to Senator Clemens, and also the election to Congress in the first district of John Bragg; in the 2d, John Cochran; 3d, S. W. Harris,

CUBA.

General Lopez received a number of letters yesterday from his friends in Cuba, written in cypher, the purport of which was, as he expressed it, that the whole Island was up for liberty. Authentic information had been received by his informants, that the following important places in the Central Department had pronounced, to wit: Puerto Principe, Las Tunas, Villa Clara, Trinidad. In the Eastern Department, Caracoa, Holguin, Santon Espirita, Pinal Del Rio—the principal towns in the Island, after Havana.

The extensive and rapid spread of the revolution has induced the patriots to postpone the movement on Havana, which was fixed for the 24th. In a consultation held in that city, the subject was reconsidered, and for many reasons it was thought more prudent to defer the demonstration in that place. Of the five regiments now in Havana, two are counted on as friendly to the patriots.

If the revolution is successful in the rest of the Island, it is believed that with so strong a detachment of the troops in Havana in their favor, there will be no difficulty in effecting the capitulation of that city. The force of troops in Havana does not reach 5000, as the regiments are not full, and 650 are reported on the sick list. The patriots have therefore determined to raise the country round, in which they will be aided by two squadrons of Rural Guards, and when their force is sufficiently strong and consolidated, they will march upon Havana. Eight hundred Creoles in that city have organized to go into the Vuelta Abajo to assist the movement there.

Gen. Lopez has certain information of the disaffection of the St. Leon regiment, stationed at Matanzas. This is the regiment which it was found impossible to get to march on Cardenas, when the expedition landed at that place last year. Puerto Principe, where the first declaration was made, had been deserted by all but women and children. Troops had been sent there, but they found no enemies to attack. The patriots had all gone to the mountains. The old Spaniards, throughout the Island, including the Government officials, were very downcast. The rest of the intelligence communicated to Gen. Lopez relates the details which though valuable and important to him, would not be very interesting to our readers. *New Orleans True Delta, Aug. 1.*

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 5. The ship James of Bangor, hence for Liverpool, was burned yesterday at the Southwest Pass, with 2600 bales of Cotton on board. The ship and cargo is a total loss.

Spencer, the slave of John R. Shaw, who recently stole $4,500, has been arrested, and $1,200 recovered. He had forwarded $3,000 to Henry Dandridge, a negro preacher in Boston.

The Cherokee has arrived and brings private letters from Havana, which state that the rebellion has been put down, and many of the insurgents have been taken and shot.

An extra Picayune of to-day, publishes a letter from Havana, stating that the revolution is *not* put down, and that the patriots hold their own. Trinidad Cienfuegas and Villa Clava, have sent out their bands. Banners were raised at Guinia Miraud on the 29th ult.

The U. S. sloop of war Albany, and steamer Vixten, sailed from Penascola on Saturday, their destination supposed to be Cuba.

RECRUITS FOR CUBA. The Cincinnati Gazette of a recent date, says:

"A number of young men from this city left per steamer, yesterday morning to join the Cuban insurrection. A number of posters were scattered yesterday, proposing wages of sixty to seventy dollars per month, for able-bodied young men—they were understood to be for recruits for the Cuban movement."

The Louisville Courier, of Thursday last, also has the following with regard to movement in that city:

"Several gentlemen, en route for Cuba, among whom, as we learn, was a son of Col. Tibbatts, reached this city yesterday morning. The officer in command at Newport Barracks, we further learn, despatched to the proper authorities here by telegraph, giving information as to who had left on this mission and instructing their arrest. Upon what authority these orders were transmitted here, we have not been able to ascertain; but owing to the quick movements of the gentleman destined for Cuba, or from some other cause, no arrests were made. It is not to be concealed that a great many are contemplating volunteering for the Cuban revolution. They will go from all parts of the West, but not in sufficiently large numbers to excite suspicion while on their way South."

SPIRITUAL RECOGNITION. A little girl of my acquaintance a lovely and precious child, lost her mother at an age too early to fix the loved features in her remembrance. She was as frail as beautiful, and as the bud of her heart unfolded, it seemed as if won by that mother's prayers to turn instinctly heavenward. The sweet, conscientious and prayer-loving child was the idol of the bereaved family. But she faded away early. She would lie on the lap of a friend who took a mother's care of her and winding one wasted arm about her neck would say "Now tell me about mamma!" And when the oft-told tale had been repeated would ask softly, "Take me into the parlor; I want to see my mamma." The request was never refused; and the affectionate child would lie for hours, contendedly gaxing upon the mother's portrait. But

> Pale and wan she grew and weakly—
> Bearing all her pain so meekly,
> That to them she still grew dearer,
> As the trial hour grew nearer!"

That hour came at last and the weeping neighbors assembled to see the child die. The dew of death was already on the flower, and its life-sun was going down. The little chest heaved faintly—spasmodically.

"Do you know me darling?" sobbed close in her ear, the voice that was dearest; but awoke no answer.

All at once a brightness, as if from the other world, burst over the child's colorless countenance. The eyelids flashed open, the lips parted, the wan, cuddling hands flew up in the little one's last impulsive effort as she looked piercingly into the far above.

"Mother!" she cried with surprise and transport in her tone—and passed with that breath into her mother's bosom.

Said a distinguished divine who stood by that bed of joyous death:

"If I had never believed in the ministration of departed ones before I could not doubt it now!"

"Peace I leave with you," said the wisest Spirit that ever passed from earth to heaven. Let us be at peace, amid the spirit-mysteries and questionings on which His eye shall soon shed the light of eternity. *National Era.*

MORGANTON CONVENTION. Perhaps there is a dim recollection upon the minds of our readers that some time in the history of the past such a thing as a Western Convention, to be held at Morganton during the present month, was spoken of. A committee of invitation was appointed, but one never heard of his appointment until it was too late, another forgot it, and all neglected the business for which they were appointed.

We do not know all who composed this committee, nor of how many it consisted; but T. R. Caldwell was one. We heard him asked at Marion last week if he had invited Gov. Reid, and his reply was that he wanted neither Gov. Reid nor any of his *clan* there. In other words he wanted no democrat. The gentleman probably feared we might attend, and thought he would give us a timely warning. He need not fret—if we choose to attend we shall do so, though we have no idea of finding any Convention there.

But this shows which way the wind is blowing, and whether there is any party move in it. No democrat is wanted there. But it strikes us that without some of that "elan" it would be rather a difficult matter to get a Convention, as that outnumbers all others. *Mountain Banner.*

THE WHEAT CROP OF 1851. The reports from the various grain-growing parts of the Union indicate that the wheat crops of the present year will be the heaviest ever taken from the earth in the Western States. In Ohio the crop is a very large and fine one. In New York, Indiana, Michigan and Wisconsin, the yield is also very large, and the wheat of the very best quality. In Michigan, particularly, the yield exceeds anything ever known, even in Michigan. In the northern and western parts of the State, and also in the southern tier of counties, the wheat crop is said to reach from one quarter to one third higher than at any previous season. It is the same with every other species of grain, except corn.

There is a good deal of fact and prophecy mixed together in the following statistical exhibit and apposite commentary of the New York Herald:

THE TRAVELS OF THE PRESIDENT AND CABINET—THE MILEAGE. Since the adjournment of Congress, the President and Cabinet have been making themselves quite familiar among the people. It is well. It is, perhaps, wise; for we do suspect that, from and after the meeting of Congress—which is to be a President-making Congress for the first six months—that the administration will have an awful hard time of it. The new batch of Galphins will be a rich prize for the "fierce democracy;" and, from the Secretary of the Treasury down to the Board of Mexican Commissioners, and all concerned, we shall have committees of investigation appointed to tear the administration to pieces. It is, therefore, wise in the President and his cabinet to make the most of this happy interval, while they have little or nothing to do, and while yet we are at peace with "all the world and the rest of mankind," and before we get into trouble with the *filibusteros*. The following is an exhibit of the spring and summer travels of the President and his cabinet, the mileage, in round numbers, of each, and the aggregate mileage of them all together:

EXHIBIT.

	Miles.
Tour of the President from Washington to New York, and via New York and Erie Railroad, to Dunkirk and back	1,600
Tour to Virginia	500
Trip to Annapolis, and the Golden Gate	100
Projected tour, via Virginia White Sulphur Springs	700
Total President's excursions	2,900
SECRETARY OF STATE.	
First trip of Mr. Webster to Boston, and back	1,100
Visit to Annapolis, to make a speech	80
New York and Erie Railrod excursion	1,700
Trip to Virginia, Capon Springs	300
Trip in the Golden Gate to New York	400
Trip to Massachusetts, Newport, &c., and to return to Washington, say	800
Total Mr. Webster's travels	4,280
SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.	
Trip to New York and back	500
Trip to Ohio and back	1,500
Total Secretary of the Treasury	2,000
SECRETARY OF WAR.	
The Secretary of War has kept close to his post, and we have nothing to set to his account for this season, except a short trip into Virginia, until he shall have made his proposed visit, with the President, to the White Sulphur, &c.	
SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.	
New York and Erie Railroad Excursion	1,600
Visit to North Carolina and back	1,000
Total for Mr. Graham	2,600
SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.	
Southern Virginia tour, with the President	500
Proposed tour via Virginia White Sulphur	700
Total for Mr. Stewart	1,200
POSTMASTER GENERAL.	
Trip to New York and Buffalo, and back	1,600
New York and Erie Railroad trip	1,600
Southern Virginia trip	500
Golden Gate to New York, and return by land	650
Total for Mr. Hall	4,350
ATTORNEY GENERAL.	
Tour via New York, Newport, Niagara, and the Lakes, to Kentucky and back by same usually travelled routes, say	2,500

RECAPITULATION.

	Miles of Travel.
By the President	2,900
Secretary of State	4,280
Secretary of the Treasury	2,000
Secretary of the Interior	1,200
Secretary of the Navy	2,600
Postmaster General	4,350
Attorney General	2,500
Total for President and Cabinet	19,830

—Or, in round numbers, 20,000 miles, in little trips of a few days, here and there. In this estimate, we include the necessary return travel to Washington, of several absentees of the Cabinet, and an estimate of the trip to the Virginia White Sulphur, proposed to be undertaken next Tuesday. All right. The tariff of '46 keeps the wheels of government well greased—no creeking—nothing to do. And the more, during these holidays, the President and Cabinet mix with the people, the more they will learn of the resources and wants of the country, and of the chances of the campaign of 1852, of which it is very important the administration should be well posted up. After December next, the President and cabinet will probably be detained at Washington until March, 1853, when it is likely they will all set out on their travels together.

A Parisian pen gives the following English event for history:

At the recent race at Ascot, the famous horse Tiberius broke his leg by bounding against one of the posts of the barrier, while preparing for the race. His owner, Lord Millbank, lost ten thousand pounds in bets upon him, besides his value, and others lost heavily, the law of the course being that all lost bets shall be paid, whether the failure to win come from accident or less speed.

Three days afterwards, Lord Millbank gave a very sumptuous dinner. The most distinguished of the English Peerage were present, and the noble host arose in the place, and proposed to drink to the departed Tiberius. It was clamorously received, but the speaker remained standing with his glass in his hand.

"We drink to Tiberius," said Millbank, when the shouts subsided, "the most beautiful, the most admirable, the most spirited courser whose hoofs ever trod British turf."

Shouts again rose to the roof.

"Yon know," continued his Lordship, "the achievements of this horse. His deeds belong to history. Fame has taken charge of his glory. But it belonged to me—to you my lords and gentlemen—to do honor to his mortal remains! I wished that this lofty courser should have a burial worthy of his deservings. He has it. My cook has fitly prepared him, and you have feasted on him to-day. Yes, my lords and gentlemen! this meat which you have relished so keenly—these dishes which have awakened such inquiry as to what animal could be so delicious—it was Tiberius. My noble courser reposes in your stomachs! May your digestions be light."

At these words, the enthusiasm concentrated for a moment—possibly with some vague thought of an immediate resurrection, but, with a sudden burst of hurrahs, the idea took the turn of a sublimity, and another glowing bumper was sent to join the departed in his metempsychosis.

A WESTERN JUDGE. A paper published somewhere out West gives the following report of a Judge's sentence lately passed on a criminal. Brumley was doubtless a hard case; but what kind of a case the Judge was, our readers may determine after reading the following: 'Brumley, you infamous scoundrel! you are an unredeemed villian—you haint a single redeeming trait in your character—your wife and family wish we had sent you to the penitentiary. This is the fifth time I've had you up before me, and you have put me to more trouble than your neck is worth. I've exhorted and prayed over you long enough, you scoundrel! Just go home and take a glimpse at your family, and be off in short order; don't ever let us hear of you again. The Grand Jury have found two other indictments against you, but I've discharged you on your own recognizance, and if I ketch you in this neck of woods to-morrow morning at daylight, I'll sock you right square in jail, and hump you off to Jeffersonville in little less than no time—you infamous scoundrel! If ever I catch you crooking your finger at man, woman or nigger, I'll sock you right square in the jug. Stand up, you scoundrel! while I pass the sentence on you!'

PROPERTY EXEMPT FROM EXECUTION. By the new code of Virginia, the following is a list of the property exempt from execution:

"One cow, one bedstead, with a bed and necessary bedding for the same, six chairs, one table, six knives, six forks, six plates, two dishes, two basins, one pot, one oven, six pieces of wood or earthenware, one loom and its appurtenances, one spinning wheel, one pair of cards, and one axe, five barrels of corn, five bushels of wheat, or one barrel of flour, two hundred pounds of bacon or pork, and five dollars in value of forage or hay."

[For the Standard.]

The spirit of improvement is abroad in our old State, and we trust that the time is not far distant, when she will take the position she once occupied in the Confederacy.

Nothing can bring about so desirable a contingency, more speedily than a proper regard to an energetic developement of our natural resources. In many parts of the State, we are not as yet, prepared to encounter the expense of Railroads; but, there is scarce a county in which plank roads may not be laid down to great advantage.

The success which has attended the effort to build plank roads in the vicinity of Fayetteville has encouraged our friends in the northern part of the State, to follow their example. The Greenville and Western Plank Road is progressing, and every step in that enterprise imparts new life to citizens in the vicinity. It is now suggested that another plank road be laid down between the Roanoke and Chowan rivers. The citizens of Hamilton, one of the most energetic little towns on the Roanoke, have agitated the matter; it is responded to very favorably by the people of Murfreesborough, (the proposed northern terminus of the road) and all along the proposed line of the road. Should that road be constructed a connexion will soon be made between it and the Greenville road. From the point of the northern termination (Murfreesborough) a communication can be established with Edenton, Plymouth and Elizabeth City by means of the Steamers on Albemarle Sound; thus, persons desirous of visiting the Eastern and Western parts of the State, can do so without being compelled to make a long and extensive journey to Petersburg down the Appomattox and James River and thence by Norfolk.

The Hamilton and Murfreesborough Plank Road will doubtless become the great thoroughfare of travel, and while the stock itself will become very valuable, it will enhance the value of the stock of the Greenville road, and that of the Steamboat Companies on Albemarle Sound, and by increasing the facilities of reaching the Wilmington and Roanoke Rail Road, will tend to benefit that great improvement of Eastern Carolina.

Up, up fellow-citizens, up and let us be doing.

CAROLINA FOR EVER.

THE AMERICAN MERCHANT. The American merchant is a type of a restless, adventurous, onward going race of people. He sends his merchandize all over the earth; stocks every market; makes wants that he may supply them; covers the New Zealanders with Southern cotton woven in Nothern looms; builds blocks of stores in the Sandwich Islands; swaps with the Feejee canibal; sends the whale ship among the icebergs of the poles, or to wander in solitary seas, till the log book tells the tedious sameness of years, and boys become men; gives the ice of a northern winter to the torrid zone; piles up Fresh Ponds on the banks of the Hoogly, gladdens the sunny savannahs of the dreamy South, and makes life tolerable in the bungalow of an Indian Jungle. The lakes of New England awake to life by the rivers of the sultry east, and the antipodes of the earth come in contact at the "meeting of the waters." The white canvass of the American ship glances in every nook of every ocean. Scarcely has the slightest intimation come of some obscure, unknown corner of a remote sea, when the captain is consulting his charts, in full career for the terra incognita.

Hunt's Merchant's Magazine.

THE FIRE ANNIHILATOR. The Philadelphia Pennsylvania says that Adams & Co. received by the last arrival of the Pacific, two of these machines for extinguishing fire. They are about the size of an ordinary coal scuttle, made of sheet iron composed of a number of cylindrical cases within one another weighing about 20 pounds, and easily handled by any person. The means of destroying flame is by the production of a gaseous vapour, although anti-combustive, yet not anti-respiratory, which is poured upon the fire. The real cause of the fire being extinguished is not by creating a new atmosphere, but the Pennsylvanian believes by reducing the temperature of the flames to a point at which it cannot exist; this is accomplished by a chemical combination of substances within the machine, which are brought in contact when wanted by means of a simple spring, which creates the vapour, and this is introduced to the flame through the spout of the mechine by the person holding it. Each machine will give 1200 cubic feet of gas.

This discovery was made by Mr. Phillips, of London, who was first led to prosecute his researches by observing that the vapour which issued from a volcano, during an eruption, extinguished flame the moment it came in contact with it.

ROTATION OF THE EARTH. Professor Strong, of Rutger's Colledge, New Brunswick, N. J., has just put in operation a new contrivance for testing this scientific problem, which puts the French pendulum mode entirely in the shade. Professor Strong has constructed a wooden wheel six feet in diameter, but very slight indeed, its weight being only two pounds. This wheel is suported horizontally, the hub resting on a steel needle in the same manner that a compass is supported. The needle fits into a glass socket. Placed in a room free from currents of air and all disturbance, the motion of the earth around the wheel is perceptible, the wheel apparently performing the revolution in the proper number of hours. It is proper to state that no motion is externally communicated to the wheel. This is the latest perpetual motion we have heard of. By this wheel it is said that the latitude can at all times be correctly ascertained. The experiment is not confined to a wheel of such large dimensions, but may be realized with smaller ones. The expertment, it is said, will soon be tested at the Washington Observatory.

REVENUE OF THE POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT. We are gratified to learn that the accounts for the quarter ending March 31, 1851, which have just been settled at the Post Office Department, show that the nett receipts of postages during that quarter amount to $1,723,828 43

For the corresponding quarter of 1850 the amount was 1,462,165 64

Showing an increase of $261,762 79

or of about 17¾ per cent.

Should the receipts of the last quarter of the fiscal year (the accounts for which will not be fully settled until October) show a similar increase, the revenue account for the year will exhibit the gratifying increase of eighteen per cent nearly.

National Intelligencer.

Charles F. Adams (the free-soiler and son of John Q.,) pays the following tribute to the "soundness" of the Northern Democracy:

"There can be little cause to doubt that the national democratic party is preparing to pursue its customary policy of unlimited tacit submission to the demands of the slave power. It will go even further than it has dared to go before, in opposition to the moral feelings of the free States, pledging itself openly to a thorough and complete execution of all the measures of compromise, including the abominable fugitive slave law, and secretly to the propagandism of slavery and the slave power, through the instrumentality of the executive department of government."

POPULATION. The population of the earth amounts to one thousand millions. Then reckoning a generation of 33 years, in that space of time a thousand millions must die throughout the world. Each year, about 63,300,000; each week, 381,000; each day, 83,300; each hour, 3,450; each minute, 57. Some of our fellow creatures are at this moment departing out of the world; and before an hour has elasped, more than 3,000 souls, who are yet the inhabitants of time, will be passed into eternity.

VERY LATE FROM CUBA. *Charleston, S. C., Aug. 4.* The brig Guinare arrived at this port to-day from Matanzas, with advices to the 29th ult. She reports all quiet there at the time of sailing.

Rumors had been received from Puerto Principe only that engagements had taken place between the rebels and the government troops, and that the former had withdrawn to their mountains.

We are informed that there are about 200 visitors at White Sulphur Springs, and a pretty large number also at Shocco. Persons are passing through here every day on their way to these renowned Watering places, facilities for reaching which from the Rail Road are now greatly increased, as will be seen by public notices on the Road.

Warrenton News.

[Telegraphed for the Washington Union.]

Arrival of the Empire City.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6—2, p. m. The Empire City arrived to-day from Chagres, which she left on the 25th, and Kingston on the 30th. She brings three hundred and sixty passengers and $1,400,000 in freight, and $300,000 in the hands of passengers. She brings San Francisco dates to August 1st.

A great fire occurred there on the 22d July. It commenced on Pacific street and went down to Ohio street, burning the city hall and city hospital. All the buildings on Jackson street were consumed as far as Montgomery. It burnt down Washington and Dupont streets as far as Sansom. Both sides of Montgomery street were burnt, from Pacific to Washington street. The new theatre and many houses were destoyed on Merchant and Clay streets.

A large amount of goods which was removed to the Plaza took fire and was burned. The buildings saved on the Plaza are the custom-house, the California Exchange, Bella Union, Verandah, El Dorado, and Union Hotels.

Messrs. Chas. S. Lyons and Bach, of the firm of Bach, Burnett, & Co., were burned to death. In all, five hundred buildings were burned; loss three millions of dollars. The fire was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary. The houses generally were occupied as dwellings by the poorer class. The citizens have resolved to prevent the landing of any more immigrants from penal colonies, unless they can produce testimonials as to character.

The two assassins who murdered Capt. Snow at Sonora were afterwards caught and hung up by the populace.

Dr. Gunn, editor of the Sonora Herald, was dragged from his bed and murdered by some persons who took offence at an article in his paper. Two persons connected with his office also were killed, and several others wounded.

Capt. Fitzpatrick and nine men were cut off by Indians at Rogers river, and all murdered.

Accounts from the mines favorable. The crops look well. A great many Mormons from Salt Lake arrived at Los Angelos.

Col. Barbour, of the Indian commission, has suspended operations for want of funds. Dr. Wozencraft is progressing at his own expense.

At San Francisco two hundred buildings were erected during the past week.

No particular change in markets. Supply of breadstuffs large.

NEW YORK, August 6—2, p. m. The steamship Atlantic sailed to-day with $100,000 in specie and 64 passengers. Among the latter were Belletti and Benedict.

It is rumored that 300 men sailed on Saturday in a brig from Staten Island for Cuba. This report is, however, contradicted. It is certain that 500 men, ready-armed, are only awaiting the Georgia's advices to go.

Litchfield's extensive storage warehouse at Brooklyn fell this morning, destroying immense quantities of grain, flour, sugar, molasses, dye stuffs, &c., together with over 20,000 bushels of corn.

MRS. FINCH'S SEMINARY. We are pleased to learn, that the Rev. Dr. Hooper is now connected with this Seminary of Learning in our City. His well known ability will add additional attractions to this prosperous Institution. *Spirit of the Age.*

If from our youth up we have borne a good character, no one whose good opinion is worth having believes the evil reports which may be spread concerning us.

[Telegraphed for the Baltimore Sun.]

KENTUCKY ELECTION.

LOUISVILLE, August 7. The returns from the first district are still doubtful, but the probability is that Boyd, democrat, is elected.

In the fourth, Wm. T. Wood, whig, is undoubtedly elected.

The returns from the fifth district show a very close vote between Clement Hill, whig, and James Stone, democrat, though the chances favor the former.

In the sixth district, Addison White, whig, is elected.

In the seventh district the contest has been very close. Marshall, whig, is believed to be elected.

The vote for Governor is very close between Archibald Dixon, whig, and L. W. Powell, democrat, but it is conceded that the former is elected.

The whigs have both branches of the Legislature by large majorities.

THE MARKETS.

WILMINGTON, August 8. The Cape Fear remarkably low, and no produce reaching market from above tide-way. Bacon scarce, and selling at from 8 to 12½ cents according to quality; sales of Baltimore flour at $5; lard, scarce, at 12½ cents; molasses at 20 to 21 cts. per gallon in lots to suit. Receipts of shingles light, and sales at $2 to $2 25 per thousand; no staves and ash heading arrived, and much wanted; receipts of timber light. The Journal says of Naval Stores: Turpentine has, within the last few days, advanced 5 cents per bbl. for yellow dip. The sales reach about 1960 barrels since our last; 500 bbls. at $2 15 and 1460 at $2 20 for yellow dip; virgin dip has been steady at $2 50 all per bbl. of 280 lbs., closing to-day at our highest quotation. About 700 barrels spirits changed hands this week at 26½ cents and 26 cents per gallon, closing at 26 cents. We hear of no sales to-day. Sales of Rosin light at 95 cents per bbl. for common. No Tar received.

FAYETTEVILLE, August 9. The stock of Bacon is light, and sales have been made at 14½ for small lots—a shade over 14 cts. was obtained yesterday for 3000 lbs. Lard is very scarce, and sales at 14 to 14½. Owing to the small amount of flour coming in, the price has advanced—sales of 40 barrels yesterday at $6 45 for super, cash; and unless the arrivals increase, a further advance may be expected. The supply of Corn is about equal to the demand—sales yesterday at 92 and 95 cts. Cotton has again declined, and we alter our quotations to 6½ for prime. *Carolinian.*

PETERSBURG, August 8. The tobacco market unsettled since last report. Sales for two days past show a decline of 75 cents to $1 on all descriptions. Common lugs $4 to $5—good to fine $5 50 to $7—shipping leaf $6 50 to $11 50—manufacturing $12 to $14 50. No improvement in cotton, and selling at from 6½ to 8 cents; corn, but little doing, at 62½ to 65 cents per bushel; flour, $4 75 for superfine by wholesale.

MARRIED.

In Warren County, on the 29th of July, by the Rev. Wm. Arendell, Mr. Joshua Perry, of the County of Franklin to Miss Elizabeth H. Gee, daughter of Charles Gee, Esq.

Also, by the same, in the County of Halifax, on the 30th, Dr. Samuel Perry, of Franklin County, to Miss Elizabeth P. Gee, daughter of Sterling Gee, Esq.

On the 29th July, by Thos. R. Debnam, Esq., Mr. Jesse Brown, aged 60 years, to Miss Rebecca Brinkley, aged 19 years, all of Wake County.

On the 20th inst., in Chatham county, by the Rev. John Tinnin, Daniel C. Harden, Esq., of Graham to Miss E. C. Harman, of Chatham.

DIED,

Near Bachelor's Creek, in this county, on Thursday the 24th inst. Mary R. Street, consort of Nathaniel H. Street, Esqr. in the 44th year of her age. The deceased suffered from a long and painful illness of some months, during which she displayed the brightest trait of human nature, and at last departed, we trust, for a brighter and better world. In her life, she displayed in her conduct the truest charity and kindness of disposition, and in her death perfect resignation to the will of her Heavenly Father. *Newbernian.*

At the residence of his mother in Lexington, Va., on Sunday the 20th ult., after a short but painful illness, Mr. Jacob W. Haughawout of this place, aged about 28 years. He has left behind him an affectionate and devoted wife, a child, and a large circle of relatives and friends who deeply deplore his loss. *Hills. Recorder.*

On Friday the 11th ult., in the vicinity, of Tuscaloosa, Ala., Mrs. Rachel Banks, a highly esteemed and venerable lady, in the 83d year of her age. She was the daughter of James Jones, of Wake County N. C.; where she was born on the 6th of May, 1769. She married Ralph Banks, on the 27th Nov. 1788, and, a few weeks afterwards, removed with her husband, to Elbert county, Ga. In 1823, her husband died, leaving her, with a large family of children, of whom she raised thirteen—ten sons and three daughters; two others having died while they were young. In 1824, the year after the decease of her husband, she removed, with her family, to Alabama, and settled in the immediate neighborhood of Tuskeloosa, where she lived, during the residue of her well spent life. *Register.*

THE FUTURE LIFE.

BY WM. CULLEN BRYANT.

How shall I know thee in the sphere which keeps
The disembodied spirits of the dead,
When all of thee that time could wither, sleeps
And perishes among the dust we tread?

For I shall feel the sting of ceaseless pain
If there I meet thy gentle presence not,
Nor hear the voice I love, nor read again
In thy serenest eyes the tender thought.

Will not thy own meek heart demand me there?
That heart whose fondest throbs to me were given?
My name on earth was ever in thy prayer,
Shall it be banished from thy tongue in heaven?

In meadows fanned by heaven's life-breathing wind,
In the resplendence of that glorious sphere,
And larger movements of the unfettered mind,
Wilt thou forget the love that joyned us here?

The love that lived through all the stormy past,
And meekly with my harsher nature bore,
And deeper grew, and tenderer to the last,
Shall it expire with life, and be no more?

A hapier lot than mine, and larger light,
Await thee there; for thou hast bowed thy will
In cheerful homage to the rule of right,
And lovest all, and rendered good for ill.

For me, the sordid cares in which I dwell,
Shrink and consume the heart, as heat the scroll;
And wrath hath left its scar—that fire of hell
Has left its frtghtful scar upon my soul.

Yet, thought thou wear'st the glory of the sky,
Wilt thou not keep the same beloved name,
The same fair thoughtful brow, and gentle eye,
Lovelier in heaven's sweet climate, yet the same?

Shalt thou not teach me in that calmer home,
This wisdom that I learned so ill in this—
The wisdom which is love—till I become
Thy fit companion in that land of bliss?

ABBOTT'S HISTORIES.

Abbott's (Jacob) Franconia Stories, richly Illustrated.

BEECHNUT; Malleville; Mary Bell; Mary Erskine; Wallace.

ILLUSTRATED HISTORIES.

Alexander the Great; Alfred the Great; Charles the First; Charles the Second; Cleopatra, Queen of Egypt; Constantine; Cyrus the Great; Darius, King of Persia; Elizabeth, Queen of England; Hannibal the Carthaginian; Josephine; Julius Cæsar; King John; Madame Roland; Maria Antoinette; Mary Queen of Scots; Nero; Queen Anne; Richard the First; Richard the Third; Romulus; William and Mary; William the Conqueror; Xerxes the Great.

For sale at the North Carolina Book Store by HENRY D. TURNER.

Raleigh, August 10th, 1851. 81—

TEACHER WANTED.

A LIBERAL SALARY will be given to any gentleman who can come well recommended, producing testimonials that will satisfy beyond doubt as to character, and of his entire qualifications, to take charge of a preparatory School on Topsail Sound, which has hitherto been largely patronized, and in a prosperous condition. The Academy (known as Topsail Academy) is a beautiful and healthy location, 12 miles east of Wilmington, in a neighborhood not surpassed by any in point of morality and social intercourse. It is desirable that the next scholastic year should commence on the first day of October next. Letters early addressed to N. N. Nixon, Wilmington, N. C., or after the 15th inst. to Jos. M. Foy, Esq., Wilmington, N. C., will meet prompt attention.

NICHOLAS N. NIXON, President of Board of Trustees.

81—tiOct.

FOR OLD AND YOUNG.

"THE NORTH CAROLINA READER;"

A WORK designed to familiarize the minds of the young with the character, history, and resources of their own well-favored father-land. The author, while prosecuting the work, received many letters of encouragement from leading citizens—all of whom expressed a desire that it might find its way into every home of North Carolina; and these good wishes and favorable opinions were uttered before the style of the work was known to any one but the author himself. The public will now be able to judge of the merits of the plan, and of the execution, for themselves; and, considering the amount of matter, it will be cheap and in the power of every one to buy and examine. The work will contain

1st. A general description of North Carolina, with reference to scenery productions, capabilities, population, and manners, illustrated with numerous engravings.

2 A history of the discovery, settlement, and progress of the State down to the present time.

3. Poetical and oratorical exercises, some of them by North Carolinians.

4. Chronological and historical tables, abstract of the last census, explanations of popular scientific terms, &c. &c.

The book will also contain rules for correct reading, abridged and digested from the best authorities, and is intended to be, to the North Carolinian, an indispensable companion. It will be published by LIPPINCOTT, GRAMBO & Co., successor to GRIGG & ELLIOT, No. 14 North Fourth Street, Philadelphia, and orders addressed to them will be promptly attended to. The undersigned will also be in Philadelphia for a few weeks; letters addressed to him or the publishers will meet with attention. The book will be out in time for the Fall trade, and merchants of North Carolina who deal in school books would do well to call on the publishers, or send early orders. Liberal discounts will be made to wholesale purchasers, and the retail price will be $1—6 copies for $5—10 for $8—40 for $30.

C. H. WILEY.

P. S. It is the author's design to publish, in the course of a few months, a Reader for beginners, provided the work now in press is liberally patronized. The two Readers will make a complete series; and the cost will be but little over half that of the Worcester Series, the one most in use, while it will contain all the necessary instructions and matter to suit all classes.

July 28th, 1851. 80—

SAMUEL H. MARKS,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Confectionary, Fruits, Fancy Articles,

CEGARS, &c.

SYCAMORE ST., PETERSBURG, Va.

TAKES pleasure in informing the trade generally that he has just arrived from a tour through the principle Northern cities, where he has selected with great care the most extensive assortment of articles in his line ever before offered for sale in this market, all of which having been purchased exclusively for cash will be offered on the most favourable terms. Among his stock will be found the following:

10 Cases Fancy Goods,	2000 lbs. Almonds,
150 Boxes Fire Crackers,	755 " Walnuts,
225 " Sardines,	920 " Palm Nuts,
15 Cases Preserves assort.	710 " Filberts,
20 Boxes Muscat Wine,	1590 Cocoa Nuts,
5 " Olives,	10 Cases Pickles ass'd,
20 Baskets " Oil,	25 " Lemon Syrup,
25 Boxes Oranges,	300,000 Cigars,
15 " Lemons,	190 Boxes Chewing Tobacco,
15 Cases Prunes,	
5 Casks Currents,	20 " Smoking "
2 Boxes Macaroni,	150 " Raisons.

400 Drums Figs.

Besides Candy of my own Manufacture which I warrant equal to any made in the U. S.

Petersburg, August 6, 1851. 80—

Roanoke Republican copy.

A FAMILY BOOK.

Imray's Cyclopedia of Domestic Medicine. 8vo.—860 *pages.—With Wood Engravings, &c.*

THIS work contains a very large amount of highly valuable and practical information, arranged in a form either for ready reference or more attentive reading. It presents a concise yet clear view of the nature, predisposing causes, premonitory signs and distinguishing symptoms of Disease, and the nature, uses, proper doses and effects of Medicines. It gives directions concerning Diet, Air, Clothing, Bathing, Exercise, and other things connected with the preservation of health; also, concerning the management of the Sick-room, the Nursery, the preparation of Food and Drink for the Sick. The application of Leeches, Blisters, Poultices, Draughts, Plasters, &c., so as to produce the best effect with the least inconvenience and suffering to the patient, and such other information as will tend to mitigate the sufferings of the sick-room. For sale by

H. D. TURNNR, N. C. Bookstore.

Raleigh, August 13th, 1851. 80—

SAVAGE AND MEARES,

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS

WILMINGTON, N. C.

August 12, 1851. 81—1y.

WILL WONDERS NEVER CEASE.

REALLY TRUTH IS STRANGE:

The departed month of July brought

JOY TO THOUSANDS,

Who, with the dissolution of the past month, "bade good-bye" to all timid apprehensions of a failure, and boldly advancing their suit at the

SHRINE OF FORTUNE,

Determined henceforth to seek riches only at that

EXHAUSTLESS MINE OF WEALTH,

PYFER & CO.

The Old Established and Far Famed

LOTTERY BROKERS,

No. 1 Light St. Baltimore, Md.

ALL FORMER TIMES TOTALLY ECLIPSED.

TRULY BRILLIANT LUCK.

A few dollars often realize a fortune!

$30,000 on a Whole Ticket sent to a gentleman in Illinois;—he ordered a Package, paid $130 for it, and drew $30,000. This is no wonder, however, as he purchased from the far-famed House of PYFER & CO.

$20,000, sent to Alabama.
$15,000, sent to Virginia.
$10,000, sent to South Carolina.
$10,000, sent to North Carolina.
$9,000, sent to Pennsylvania.
$8,000, sent to Georgia.
$5,000, sent to Ohio.

All promptly paid by PYFER & Co. and the Tickets now on file at their truly fortunate office.

Such Luck only at PYFER & CO'S,

Orders Confidential.

Brilliant Schemes for August, 1851.

Confidence Strictly Observed.

Date Aug.	Capital Prizes.	No. of Ballots.	Price of Tickets.	Price of Packages.
1	$24,000	78 Nos 13 drawn	$5	$18 00
2	40,000	75 Nos 12 drawn	12	40 00
4	26,000	78 Nos 15 drawn	8	26 00
5	20,000	75 Nos 12 drawn	5	18 00
6	30,000	75 Nos 15 drawn	10	30 00
7	20,608	78 Nos 14 drawn	5	16 00
8	20,000	75 Nos 12 drawn	5	18 00
9	44,000	78 Nos 16 drawn	15	45 00
11	27,500	75 Nos 15 drawn	8	30 00
12	26,000	75 Nos 12 drawn	6	22 00
13	38,000	78 Nos 13 drawn	10	35 00
14	20,000	75 Nos 12 drawn	5	18 00
15	13,500	78 Nos 15 drawn	4	13 00
16	52,418	75 Nos 11 drawn	15	55 00
18	25,000	78 Nos 13 drawn	8	28 00
19	24,000	78 Nos 13 drawn	5	18 00
20	35,000	75 Nos 14 drawn	10	35 00
21	16,312	78 Nos 12 drawn	5	18 00
22	20,000	75 Nos 14 drawn	5	16 00
23	40,000	78 Nos 18 draw

A RARE CHANCE!
FOR A GOOD INVESTMENT,
At GREENVILLE, Pitt Co. N. C.

I8 now offered by the Subscriber who wishes to dispose of his

Carriage and Harness Manufactory.

This extensive and well known Establishment, has now been in operation for upwards of 10 years, and has turned out and sold more vehicles than any other in the State. The sales for the last five years have averaged upwards of $ 20,000 per annum. The Establishment is situated on Main Street, and comprises a Wood Shop containing 8 benches; a Harness Shop, containing 4 benches; a Blacksmith Shop with 4 forges, and Large and commodious Paint and Trimming Rooms—all new and in excellent order. There are besides these a large wood house, filled with an immense quantity of fine seasoned Timber, adapted to every department of the business. A Turning Lathe and Saw moved by horse power; a new Pump on the premises. Shelter for vehicles, and in a word all the improvements and conveniences found in the best Establishments either North or South.

Immediately opposite, are the Dwelling House and Ware House. The Dwelling-house is a fine two story building, with an acre lot attached, having all necessary out houses and conveniences required by a family. The situation is elevated, healthy and pleasant. The Ware-house is a new two story 50 ✕ 26 ft. building, and cost upwards of $1250. In addition to these will be found a large and varied assortment of

Trimmings, Paints, Leather and Harness MOUNTINGS,

all new and of the latest style.

The position of Greenville, situated as it is in the midst of the wealthiest and most fertile portion of the State,—connected with Raleigh and the west by a Plank Road, with the east and the seaboard by a river always open to Steamboat navigation—besides the high character of the Establishment, for the durability and elegance of its work, combine with the growing importance of the place to render it the most appropriate point in Eastern Carolina for a Carriage Manufactory. The purchaser will obtain the most accommodating terms, and any reasonable time to make his payments.

To his friends and patrons the subscriber returns his hearty thanks for their liberal patronage, and informs them that he has now on hand the largest and finest assortment of BUGGIES and other VEHICLES ever seen here, which he will be happy to sell on low terms for cash or negotiable notes. He respectfully invites friends and purchasers to call and examine his stock.

JAMES NELSON.

Greenville, June 25, 1851. 75—tf.

A VALUABLE PLANTATION
In Halifax County,
FOR SALE!

THE UNDERSIGNED, as Agent for the Heirs at Law of Austin Plummer, deceased, offers for sale the Plantation on which the said Austin Plummer resided at his death, lying on Fishing Creek in Halifax County, about four miles from Ransom's Bridge and adjoining the lands of Col. John H. Harrison, John H. Carlyle and others, and containing 2,500 Acres.

The said land is well adapted to the growth of Corn, Cotton, Wheat and Tobacco, and much of the Plantation is fresh and the whole under excellent fences.

The buildings consist of a new two story Dwelling house, good stables and barns and all necessary out buildings.

The said land is offered on a long credit and on the most accommodating terms.

Persons desiring to purchase will please address the undersigned at Warrenton, or Joseph B. Batchelor, at Halifax.

The land will be shown by Mr. John H. Carlisle, who resides near it. KEMP PLUMMER.

July 20th, 1851. 878—w8w.

PAINTING, GLAZING, &C.

THE Subscriber takes occasion to remind the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country, that he is still engaged in

PAINTING

in all its various branches; and he only asks a trial to be approved, and to give satisfaction to those who may employ him.

The Subscriber is now using the oxide of zinc, in inside Painting, which leaves a beautiful gloss. Specimens can be seen at Mr. Lougee's Tin Shop.

Thankful for past encouragement the Subscriber respectfully solicits a continuance of the same, with the assurance that no pains or labor will be spared to give satisfaction. WILLIAM E. OVERBY.

Raleigh, August 4, 1851. 78—3mi.

EVERY MAN
HIS OWN TUNER!

THE Subscriber has been appointed sole Agent for the State of North Carolina, for Greave's Patent Chromatic Tuning Forks. This Instrument gives the chromatic scale in equal temperament, sustaining each tone much longer and more distinctly than common Tuning Forks. By its aid, any person whose ear is correct enoughto draw strings to unision, can tune Pianos and similar instruments with perfect correctness.

This instrument will prove of great value to all who reside where the services of professional tuners cannot be procured. Price $6,00. Each set is contained in a small morocco case, and can be easily and safely sent to any part of the country. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. K. W. PETERSILIA.

At the New Music Store.

Raleigh, June 3, 1843. 61—

FRANKLIN INSTITUTE,
FRANKLIN CO. N. C.

D. S. RICHARDSON, Principal.

AND

BELFORD FEMALE INSTITUTE,
NASH COUNTY,

Mrs. M. C. RICHARDSON, Principal.

THE FALL SESSION will open on the 7th July Terms as formerly. For particulars, address, during vacation, Dr. G. Sills, Belford, Nash county; at other times the Principals. D. S. RICHARDSON.

June 14, 1851. 64—6t.

J. W. & C. C. PUGH,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
And Forwarding Agents,
GASTON, N. C.

Keep constantly on hand, and for sale,

LIME, SALT, TAR, BACON, FLOUR, &c.

Gaston, Jan. 10, 1850. 26—

A very Interesting Work.

THE Queens of Scotland, by Agnes Strickland. The Giant of Monthy s, Harper's New Monthly for February. Received this day by

HENRY D. TURNER.

Raleigh, February 11th, 1851. 29—

NEW SPRING GOODS,
At Reduced Prices.

J. CREECH has received and daily expecting his Stock of elegant Dry Goods, which was selected with great care, at reduced prices, with many new styles that were not out the first of the season. These goods was purchased for net cash, and can be sold lower than those bought at the early part of the season, before goods had fallen. Please call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere if you want bargains.

J. CREECH.

Raleigh, May 7, 1851 53—

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

From 25 to 30 able-bodied Men will find employment on the Central Rail Road, by an early application to Maj. Jeremiah Nixon, or James M. Towles, Esq., of Raleigh.

Raleigh, July 5, 1851. 70—3t.

CHAR-COAL! CHAR-COAL!!

10,000 BUSHELS Char-Coal wanted immediately, for which the highest price will be paid in cash. SILAS BURNS.

Raleigh, July 18, 1851. 74—

[Telegraphed for the Baltimore Sun.]

Just Received,

1 Hhh. Refined Brown Sugar. J. BROWN.

No. 9, Fayetteville St.

Job Printing.

Neatly Executed, at the Standard Print Office.

New York Importers and Jobbers,

FREEMAN, HODGES & CO.,
58 LIBERTY STREET,

Between Broadway and Nassau Street,

NEAR THE POST OFFICE,

NEW-YORK,

WE ARE RECEIVING, BY DAILY ARRIVALS from Europe, our Fall and Winter assortment of RICH FASHIONABLE FANCY SILK AND MILLINERY GOODS.

We respectfully invite all Cash Purchasers thoroughly to examine our Stock and Prices, and, as interest governs, we feel confident our Goods and Prices will induce them to select from our establishment. Particular attention is devoted to MILLINERY GOODS, and many of the articles are manufactured expressly to our order, and cannot be surpassed in beauty, style and cheapness.

Beautiful Paris Ribbons, for Hat, Cap, Neck, and Belt.

Satin and Taffeta Ribbons, of all widths and colors.

Silks. Satins, Velvets, and Uncut Velvets, for Hats.

Feathers, American and French Artificial Flowers,

Puffings and Cap Trimmings.

Dress Trimmings, large assortment.

Embroideries, Capes, Collars, Undersleeves and Cuffs.

Fine Embroidered Reviere and Hemstitch Cambric Handkerchiefs.

Crapes, Lisses, Tarletons, Illusion and Cap Laces.

Valencienes, Brussels, Thread, Silk, and Lisle thread Laces.

Kid, Silk, Sewing Silk, Lisle Thread, Merino Gloves, and Mitts.

Figured and Plain Swiss, Book, Bishop Lawn and Jaconet Muslins.

English, French, American and Italian Straw Goods.

July 16, 1851. 74—ta$5.

WHITE SULPHUR AND CHALYBEAT
SPRINGS,
WARREN COUNTY, N. C.

THE proprietor of this establishment has the satisfaction of announcing to the public that, since the last season, he has greatly enlarged and improved his buildings so as to be able to accommodate a much larger number, and to offer still greater attractions to those who may visit this pleasant and healthful resort.

The medical properties of these Waters have been amply tested, for several years, by a large number of visitors, and their beneficial results strikingly displayed in the cure or relief of many diseases. For analysis, see handbills.

Persons travelling on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad will always find a hack ready for their reception at Henderson and at the Warrenton Depot.

TERMS.

Families per month,	$16 00
" " week,	6 00
" " day,	1 00
Single person, per month,	20 00
" " week,	7 50
" " day,	1 25
Children under twelve years of age and Servants half price.	
Horses per month,	$12 00
" " week,	3 50
" " day,	0 75

WM. D. JONES.

July 24, 1851. 76—7w

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT
OF RANDOLPH MACON COLLEGE,

THE next Lecture Term of this Institution will commence the 1st of September, and continue ten months. This School is recognised, and its students admitted on the ad endeun footing, by some of the most respectable Medical Institutions of this country, among which may be mentioned Jefferson Medical College, of Philadelphia, and the University of the City of New York.

The course of instruction is extensive and practical. Anatomy is taught both by demonstration and dissection; and students can procure abundant material for dissection on very moderate terms. During the course frequent opportunities are afforded students of witnessing and assisting in important Surgical operations.

The fee for the course is $115 00, and always payable on entering the School. Board, convenient to the School, can be had on very moderate terms. Students can obtain the Text-books in Farmville, a village a few miles from the School.

FACULTY:

JOHN P. METTAUER, M. D., LL. D., Prof. of the Principles and Practice of Medicine and Surgery.

FRANCIS J. METTAUER, Jr., A. M., M. D., Prof. of Anatomy, Physiology, Chemistry and Pharmacy.

JOHN. P. METTAUER, M. D., LL. D., Prof. of Therapeutics, Materia Medica, Midwifery and the Diseases of Females and Children.

JOHN P. METTAUER,
Dean of the Faculty.

Prince Edward C. H., Va., July 14. 77 - wt27A.

North Carolina Music Store.
K. W. PETERSILIA,
One Door North of the City Hall, Fay. St.

RALEIGH, N. C.

From the liberal patronage which the Subscriber has received since his establishment in business, he has been enabled not only to replenish but to extend his stock, and

IS NOW OPENING

A Splendid Assortment of New and Popular Music

and a larger and better selected variety of

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

than has ever before been offered in this State.

He is also prepared to furnish Gilt Frames of any size with or without pictures.

Also materials for Drawing, as engravings for patterns, and superior pencils.

He has also furnished himself with materials for repairing Accordions, as pearl for keys, reeds, &c., and will execute all orders with neatness and despatch.

In his list may also be found splendid copper-plate engravings, for framing. In short, his is an assortment intended to please the refined taste of the community.

K. W. PETERSILIA.

Raleigh, July 1, 1851. 70—

Loubin's and Rousel's Extracts
FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF.

Heliotrape,	Bouquet De Caroline,
Violet,	Jockey Club,
West End,	Vervaine,
Jassamin,	Lily,
Rose Citronella,	Palchouly,
" Geranium,	Jenny Lind,
Italian Flowers,	Jube Rose,
Musk,	Honey Suckle.

Also, Farina Cologne, fine Toilet and Shaving Soaps, Toilet Balls, and a large Stock of Dressing Combs, Hair Tooth, and Nail brushes which will be sold low at the Drug Store of

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD, & CO.

Dec. 19th, 1850. 15—

THE FAMILY SCHOOL
In Warren County, Near Littleton Depot.

HITHERTO under the charge of the Rev. W. Hooper, will be continued, after the present session, by the Subscriber, assisted by Mr. Thos. C. Hooper. The next session will commence on the 17th July, and the vacations will correspond to those of the University.

TERMS—For Boys entering under 14 years and preparing for College—per Session, $80 / For others, $100 } in adv'ce.

J. DeB. HOOPER.

April 24th, 1851. 865—12t.w.

Colds Colds.

THOSE who are suffering with Coughs and Colds will find at my Store Dr. Wilies Cough Candy Jujube Paste, Wistar's Lozenges, Wistar's Balsam o Wild Cherry, Bartholomew's Cough Syrup, Jayne's Expectorant, Cod Liver Oil, Syrup of Naptha, and many other remedies for diseases of the Lungs and Chest.

P. F. PESCUD.

December 4, 1850. 10—

Flesh Gloves and Brushes.

THE free and liberal use of these articles is now justly regarded as one of the most effectual means of promoting health and long life. Call and supply yourselves at the Drug Store of

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

Raleigh, April 22, 1851. 49—

DR. WILLIAM R. MILLER,

OFFICE ABOVE THE

LIFE INSURANCE OFFICE.

Raleigh, July 22nd, 1851. 78—

CHERRY PECTORAL
For the Cure of

COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, CROUP, ASTHMA, WHOOPING COUGH AND CONSUMPTION.

In offering to the community this justly celebrated remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs, it is not our wish to trifle with the lives or health of the afflicted, but frankly to lay before them the opinions of distinguished men and some of the evidences of its success, from which they can judge for themselves. We sincerely pledge ourselves to make no wild assertions or false statements of its efficacy, nor will we hold out any hope to suffering humanity which facts will not warrant.

Many *proofs* are here given, and we solict an inquiry from the public into all we publish, feeling assured they will find them perfectly reliable, and the medicine worthy their best confidence and patronage.

From the distinguished Professor of Chemistry and Materia Medica, Bowdoin College.

Dear Sir: I delayed answering the receipt of your preparation, until I had an opportunity of witnessing its effects in my own family, or in the families of my friends.

This I have now done with a high degree of satisfaction, in cases both of adults and children.

I have found it, as its ingredients show, a powerful remedy for colds, and coughs, and pulmonary diseases.

PARKER CLEAVELAND, M. D.

BRUNSWICK, ME., Feb. 5, 1847.

Read the following, and see if this medicine is worth a trial. This patient had become very feeble, and the effect of the medicine was unmistakably distinct:—

UNITED STATES HOTEL, SARATOGA SPRINGS, July 5, 1849.

Dr. J. C. Ayer,—Sir: I have been afflicted with a painful affection of the lungs, and all the symptoms of settled consumption, for more than a year. I could find no medicine that would reach my case, until I commenced the use of your "Cherry Pectoral," which gave me gradual relief, and I have been steadily gaining my strength till my health is well nigh restored.

While using your medicine I had the gratification of curing with it my reverend friend, Mr. Truman, of Sumpter District, who had been suspended from his parochial duties by a severe attack of bronchitis.

I have pleasure in certifying these facts to you,

And am, sir, yours respectfully,

J. F. CALHOUN, of South Carolina.

Prepared and sold by James C. Ayer, Practical Chemist, Lowell, Mass.

Sold in Raleigh by Williams, Haywood & Co., and by Druggists throughout the State.

May 31, 1851. 870—3m.

THE FAUQUIER
WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,
Fauquier County, Virginia.

WILL be opened for visitors on the first of June. They are situated on the Rappahannock river, (now navigable,) thirty-eight miles above Fredericksburg, and fifty, nearly due west, from Alexandria.

No pains have been spared to continue the attractions of the place to the votaries of pleasure or the seekers of health. The recent publication in pamphlet of the eminent and Rev Thornton Stringfellow shows, beyond all question, the healing qualities of this water in many diseases—dyspepsia, dropsy, &c. &c. He had spent the previous season here, and made a thorough and sifting examination of the details of the case reported by him, and he is of opinion that the extraordinary medicinal advantages of the Springs have been obscured in the greater allurements to fashionable life.

The railroad from Alexandria is rapidly approaching these Springs, and will soon make the trip a delightful one from that city and all north of it. In the mean time the stages run tri-weekly from Washington, and will be *daily* after the 1st July. A daily line of stages will be run by Mr. Quisenberry, from Fredericksburg, after 1st July; and in the mean time he engages to send up all passengers, at the regular fare, ($3,) as they may present themselves.

Terms of board same as last year, viz: $86 dollars for the whole season, ending first October; $75 for three months; $60 for two months; $35 for one month; $18 for two weeks; $10 for one week; $1,75 per day. Meals or lodging 50 cents each. Servants, and children under 12 years, half price. No charge for children under 3 years. Horses 50 cents a day, or $10 per month.

DANIEL WARD, *Superintendent.*

May 24, 1851. 59—2m.

MOUNTAIN HOTEL,
MORGANTON, Burke Co. N. C.

THE Subscriber, thankful for the very liberal patronage heretofore received, would now inform the

TRAVELLING PUBLIC

that his House is still open, and that his accommodations (heretofore limited) are now enlarged. He has erected a row of Offices for Professional gentlemen, together with a commodious Hotel, all of which is *entirely new.*

The location of the MOUNTAIN HOTEL commands the finest view of the mountain scenery in the place; and is removed from the noise and uproar of a Court-yard and the Public Square, and yet sufficiently near for all the purposes of business.

The subscriber promises to spare no pains to provide the invalid a comfortable Summer Retreat, and to gentlemen of pleasure and business a desirable Boarding House. J. M. HAPPOLDT.

Morganton, July 25, 1850. 826—1y.

NEW BOOKS.

NATHALIE, a tale by Julia Kavanagh; Nell Gwynne, or the court of the Stewets; Nile Nate's of A. Howadji; the commissioner by G. P. R. James, Esq.; the tooth ache imagined by Mayhew; annual of Scientific Discovery for 1851; the old Red Sand Stone, with illustrations, by Hugh Miller; Curran and his Contemporaries, by Charles Phillips, Esq.; the Irish Confederates and the Rebellion of 1798, by Henry M. Field; Christian Purity, by the Rev. R. S Foster; First Things by Rev. Dr. Spring's. For sale at the N. C. Book Stoore, by H. D. TURNER.

May 19, 1851. 58—

SPRING GOODS FOR 1851.

THE Subscriber is receiving his usual stock of Spring and Summer Goods, at his old stand, *No.* 9, *Fayetteville Street.*

CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods, *Hats and Shoes,*
Hardware, *Crockery,*
Groceries, &c.

J. BROWN,

Raleigh, April 1, 1851. 43—

Hecker's Prepared Tarina.

THIS article has been carefully and fully tested, and is recommended by the Medical Profession, as the most valuable of all the farinaceous articles now in use, being much superior to Arron Root and Tapicia for invalids and children. It impaats health and strength to children who have weak bowels and feeble constitutions.

A supply just received and for sale by

P. F. PESCUD.

Raleigh, May 7. 52—

JUST at hand from Philadelphia, Gentlemen and Ladies,

Shoes, Slippers and Gaiters,
Misses and Children's Shoes,
Ladies Leather and Seal skin Shoes and Slippers,
Boys and Servants Shoes,

T. A. MITCHELL.

Raleigh, May 7, 1851. 53—

NOTICE.

TAKEN up and committed to the Jail of Rowan County, N. C., on the 1st of October, 1850, a Negro man, who says his name is BOB, and that he belongs to Wm. Crosstic of Kentucky, and that he was purchased by said Crosstic from John C. Moore of Raleigh. Said negro is of a light complexion, about 35 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, and has two of his upper teeth out in front. The owner of said slave is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs.

C. KLUTTS, Sheriff.

Salisbury, N. C. October 15, 1850. 3—tf

New Books,

THE Life and Correspondence of Robert Southey, complete, with portrait. The Portfolio of a Southern Medical Student, by George M. Whaiton, M. D., with Illustrations by Croome.

Home Influence by Grace Aguillor.
Mother's Recompense " "
Vale of Cedars, by " "
Woman's Friendship " "
The Bards of the Bible, by Gilfillon.

Received this day by HENRY D. TURNER.

Raleigh, February 11th, 1851. 29—

American Independence.

Supply Yourselves for the coming 4th of July

Now Landing, the following articles selected with great care in view or the coming Anniversary, which added to my previous stock presents the most complete and extensive assortment ever offered for sale in this City.

75 Boxes Oranges,		Figs	200 Drums, whole
75 do. Lemons,			150 do. Half,
Prunes,			75 do. Qr.
300 Fancy Boxes,		Almonds,	500 lb. Marsailes,
250 Glass Jars,		Do.	500 " Denie,
Raisins,		Do.	500 " Irica,
100 Boxes Bunch,		Do.	800 " Shelled,
300 Qr. "		Walnuts,	400 " Greenoble
50 Layer,			500 " Sicily,
Nuts, 500 Coca Nuts,		Dates,	700 " Arabian.
500 Filberts,		1000 lbs. Palm Nuts.	

Besides Cegars of all brands, Lemon Syrup, Cordial, Pickles, Preserves, French Confectionary, &c. &c. all of which I offer on the most reasonable terms, and warrant them of the most superior quality.

SAM'L. H. MARKS,
Wholesale Confectioner.

Petersburg, Va. June 4th, 1851. 64—

New Goods, New Goods!
Look Out for Good Bargains.

JUST the very thing at last; that long and anxiously looked for train, containing those

CHEAP AND DESIRABLE GOODS,

that was selected by Alexander Creech, with great care and with an eye single to the wants of his friends and customers—has arrived and now opened, and for sale.

For the Ladies—a large and varied assortment of beautiful prints of the latest styles, a large assortment of

LADIES DRESS GOODS!

a large and beautiful assortment of a most every kind for Gentlemen. Call at his Store, two doors above Mr. Richard Smith's corner, and next door to Messrs. A. B. Stith & Co's. Auction and Commission store, and you will not regret it. ALEXANDER CREECH.

Raleigh, April 22, 1850. 49—

TO CAPITALISTS.

THE Subscribers offer for sale the Bonds of the Town of Wilmington, to amount of ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, in sums of five hundred and one thousand dollars, payable in from ten to twenty years and bearing interest at rate of six per cent. payable annually.

These Bonds are the only debt of the Town, and are duly authorized by act of Assembly, with ample provisions for the payment of principal and interest, and being exempt from taxation also, they present an opportunity for secure and desirable investment, rarely met with in the State. Apply to

DeROSSET & BROWN.

Wilmington, N. C., April 12, 1851. 47—Tf.

ADVERTISEMENT.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to change his occupation, is desirous of selling out a Democratic Office which has paid and is paying well. The town where it is published is improving, and the prospects of the paper rapidly improving. The success of the paper is beyond doubt, but reasons of an imperative nature, beyond any thing connected with the paper, induce the sale.

It presents an unprecedented opportunity for a capable person to do an excellent business. Satisfactory evidence will be afforded the purchaser of the lucrativeness and pleasantness of the situation for Editor and Publisher.

Address O. P, Standard Office, Raleigh, N. C.

June 10th, 1851. 65—tf

N. B. It will be disposed of upon no terms, except to a good Democrat; to such, the terms will be easy.

A New Law Dictionary

AND Glossary containing Definitions of th principal terms of the Common and Civil Law together with translations and explanations of the various technical phrases; embracing also all the principal Common and Civil Law maxims. Adapted to the jurisprudence of the United States, by Alexander Burrill, Counsellor at Law. 2 vols, 8vo. $8.

Also, Adams' Equity, $2 50; Storry's wurks on Law; Chitty's works on Law. For sale at the lowest prices,

W. L. POMEROY,
(Late POMEROY & O'NEAL.)

W. L. P. will receive subscriptions for the new series of English Reports in Law and Equity, now publishing in parts by Messrs. Little & Brown. Price $1 per. No.; $10 per year: 12 Nos. bound in six, $2 per vol.

Raleigh, May 26. 59—

NEW BOOKS.

THE Alhambra, by Washington Irving, Authors revised Edition, being Vol. XV, of Putnam's fine Edition of Irving's Works, one vol. 12, Mo. Muslin, $1,25; Romance Dust, from the Historical Placer, by W. S. Mayor, Author of "Kaloolah," "Berber" &c, one vol. 12 Mo. 75 cts.; The house of the Seven Gables. A Romance by Nathaniel Hawthorne, Author of "Twice Sold Tales," &c, one vol. 12, Mo., $1,00. The Mother in Law, by Mrs. Southworth, Paper, 38 cts.

Just received and for sale by

W. L. POMEROY,
(Late Pomeroy & O'Neal.)

Raleigh, May 27, 1851. 59—

NOTICE.

THAT on Wednesday the 13th day of August next, at the town of Rockford, Surry county, N. C, the undersigned, as commissioners, will let out to the lowest bidder the building of a Court-house and Jail, to be built in *Dobson*, the new County site of Surry. Those wishing to undertake the building of either, can call on us in Rockford on Monday and Tuesday previous to that day, and we will furnish them with specifications of said buildings.

JACOB W. BROWER,
DANIEL S. JONES,
ELIJAH THOMPSON,
Commissioners.

June 16, 1851. 873—td.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Firm of J. J. Biggs & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Mr. S. Smith, one of the Firm, will attend principally to collecting and paying the debts; but, payment may be made, and bills presented for payment to either.

Mr. Biggs will continue the business, as heretofore, at the same place. He will leave in a few days, for the Northern Cities, where he will lay in a full supply for the Fall Trade. His old friends are particularly requested to give a call on his return.

J. J. BIGGS,
S. SMITH.

Raleigh, July 29, 1851. 76—4t.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Firm of R. Tucker & Son having been dissolved by the death of the Senior partner, it becomes necessary to collect all its outstanding claims and wind up its affairs as soon as practicable. All persons, therefore, indebted to the firm are requested to make payment without delay to the Subscriber, as Surviving partner, or in his absence to Rufus S. Tucker.

W. H. H. TUCKER.

Raleigh, July 5, 1851. 70—

NEW FIRM.

THE Undersigned having associated themselves together in the Mercantile business, as successors to R. Tucker & Son, will contine the business under the name of W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Sincerely grateful to the public for the liberal patronage so long bestowed upon the Establishment, they respectfully solicit, and will spare no pains to merit its continuance.

W. H. H. TUCKER,
R. S. TUCKER.

Raleigh, July 5, 1851. 70—

THE FUGITIVE.

A Bright Mulatto Woman, named Chloe, between 25 and 30 years of age, ranaway from the Subscriber, about the 1st of July. She was bought about two years ago, of Wm. Plummer, of Warrenton who owns her mother and her children. Chloe is about the ordinary size of women, with a full head of hair and bad teeth, looks downward and is inclined to simper and smile when spoken to. She slings herself when she walks so much as to make the movement peculiar; her right foot is a good deal turned out, and the leg a little shorter than the other, produced from an injury while young; she wore when she left a striped calico dress, and is generally very neat in her appearance, having a good figure.

$10 Reward.

I have reason to believe that she is harboured in this City or near it. JNO. H. MANLY.

Raleigh, July 25th, 1851. 77—3t.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

PADDED Yoke Seam Shirts—a few dozen just received, fine quality. E. L. HARDING, & Co.

Raleigh, July 26th, 1851. 77—

NORTH CAROLINA
MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company has been in successful operation for more than five years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms.

Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,500,000, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present capital is nearly Six Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds properly secured.

The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company has been less than one third of one per cent per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.

THE following persons have been elected Directors and Officers of this Company for the present year:

DIRECTORS.

Dr. Josiah O. Watson, Jos. G. B. Roulhac, Richard Smith, John Primrose, Henry D. Turner, S. W. Whiting, T. H. Selby, of Raleigh; Geo. McNeill, Fayetteville, Joshua G. Wright, Wilmington, Jas. E. Hoyt Washington, James Sloan, Greensborough, John Cox, Edenton, Joshua Boner, Salem, Joseph H. Pool, Elizabeth City, Michael Brown, Salisbury, Alexander Mitchell, Newbern, W. N. H. Smith, Murfreesborough, H. B. Williams, Charlotte, John B. Barrett, Milton, and A. T. Summy, Asheville.

All Directors are authorized to receive applications.

OFFICERS.

Josiah O. Watson, President,
J. G. B. Roulhac, Vice President,
Richard Smith, Treasurer,
J. C. Partridge, Secretary,
John H. Bryan, Attorney,
J. Hersman, General Agent.
S. W. Whiting, Richard Smith, John Primrose, } Executive Committee.

All communications in reference to insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid.

J. C. PARTRIDGE, Sec'y.

Raleigh, June 16, 1851. 65—

Important to
MILLERS & MILL OWNERS!

THE Undersigned would respectfully inform those engaged in the Milling Business in N. C., that he keeps constantly on hand, and will supply at the shortest notice, that almost invaluable article

YOUNG'S IMPROVED PATENT
SMUT AND SCREENING MACHINE.

The only Machine of the kind that has stood the *test* and given satisfaction to the public. It has surplanted every Smut Machine yet offered in the State, more or less of which has been taken down to make room for it. The public need fear no imposition, as there are now some 280 Machines running in N. C.; and I wish to offer no other references than the gentlemen who are using them, whose expectations have been more than realized in their performance. It not only thoroughly cleanses the Wheat of smut, but also purifies it of all other substances, almost to perfection. It takes up but 4 feet square in the Mill, and requires but little power. It is warranted for five years against breaking or wearing out, and also to retain its cleaning qualities for that time.

There are a number of these Machines through which 100,000 bushels of Wheat have been cleaned, and they have never been out of order one day.

There was awarded to it the Premium at the Maryland State Fair, and a Premium with a Silver Medal, at the Fair of the Maryland Institute, at Baltimore, last Fall.

Address the Subscriber at South Lowell Mills, Orange county, N. C. JNO. A. McMANNEN.

December 21, 1850. 15—tf.

READY MADE CLOTHING,
At Wholesale and Retail.

WE have just received from one of the largest and best established Houses in the United States, one of the largest and best assorted Stocks ever brought to this City, a Stock that would favorably compare with the Custom Work of any Establishment in the Union, which we are instructed to sell at unprecedented low prices, and to which we invite the attention of Country Merchants, citizens of Raleigh, the surrounding Country, and Members of the next General Assembly, and ask them to call and examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to sell at prices that will defy competition.

Country Merchants need have no fears of finding us with a broken assortment, as we shall continue to have large additions throughout the Season.

In addition to the above, we have a full assortment of fine Shirts, Jenny Lind and other patterns, together with Silk, Merino, Lambs wool Shirts and Drawers.

All of which we will sell as low as they can be purchased of any Establishment in New York or any oth City. A. B. STITH & CO.

Raleigh, 1850. 840—w tf.

Late Publications.

LORD and Lady Harcowit, or Country Hospitalities, a Novel by C. Sinclair; Dealings with the Inquisition, by DeAchilli; Mose among the Britishers; Nell Gwynne, or the Court of the Stuarts, under the Reigns of Charles 2d, and James 2d, and Historical Romance; The Mother-in-Law, by Miss Southworth; Harpers New Monthly for June; The Hero of West Wayland, a Tale by Mary Howitt; The Dinnings and their Beaux, by Miss Leslie; The Widow Rugsby's Husband, and other Tales, by the author of *Simon Suggs.* Received this day At the North Carolina Book Store.

Raleigh, June 8, 1851. 63

MORE NEW BOOKS.

FIRST Things, a series of Lectures on the Great Facts and Moral Lessons, first revealed to mankind, by Gardner Springs, D. D., 2 vol., 8 no. $3,50. Reading for every Day in Lent, compiled from the writings of Bishop Jeremy Taylor, by the author, Amy Herbert, &c., 1 vol. 75c. The Angel's Song, by Charles B. Taylor, 1 vol. 75c. The Elements of Christian Science, a Treatise upon moral Philosophy and Practice, by Wm. Adams, S. T. P., 1 vol. 8 mo., $1 50. Also, a full supply of Heffman on Cannon Law. Just received and for sale by W. L. POMEROY,

Raleigh, March 26, 1951. 60—

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

I HAVE just received from the Manufacturers a large lot of Plows of various patterns, Cultivators, Corn Shellers, Hay Cutters, Corn Mills, Churns, Harrows, Fanning Mills—in fact, every thing comprising a *complete* stock of Farming Implements.

My sample room will be arranged in a day or two, when I will be most happy to see all who are interested in such articles. ALEX. McRAE, Jr.

Wilmington, N. C., Dec. 24, 1850. 848—

WILLIAMS' Traveller's and Tourist's Guide through the United States, Canada, &c. This book will be found replete with information, not only to the traveller, but likewise to the man of business. In its preparation, an entirely new plan has been adopted, which, we are convinced, needs only a trial to be fully appreciated. For sale by

HENRY D. TURNER,
N. C. Book Store.

Raleigh, June 8, 1851. 63—

To Invalids.

AT Pescud's Drug Store you may find Old London Dock Brandy, Porter, Old Madeira, Sherry and Port Wines, selected expressly for Medical puposes. Also, Capsules of Copaiba and Cubebs, Castor Oil Capsules, Tarrants, Marshall's and Carpenters Ex'ts of Copaiba Cubebs, &c., and all the most popular Patent Medicines in use.

November 21. 9—

Willis' New Work.

HURRY-GRAPHS, or Sketches of Scenery, Celebrities, and Society, taken from life—by N. Parker Willis. "Filled to the brim with graphic descriptions and brilliant word paintings of men and things, (just the men and things, one likes to be posted up withall.) The Hurry-Graphs cannot fail to find ten thousand buyers and a hundred thousand readers," Price $1 25.

Also, by the same Author, "Rural Letters," "People I have met," &c., &c. Just received and for sale by

W. L. POMEROY.

Raleigh, June 11, 1851. 63—

E. L. HARDING, & Co.
DEALERS IN
GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING,
Ready Made, of the First Quality.

Also, a complete assortment of

GENT'S. DRESS GOODS,

Telegraph Building, Fayetteville St.

RALEIGH, N. C.

E. L. HARDING, S. & A. L. SCOTT & Co.

Raleigh, July 30, 1851. 77—

DENTAL SURGERY.

THE undersigned expects to be absent from the City for three weeks, from and after the 2nd of this month, August.

W. R. SCOTT.

Raleigh, August 1, 1851. 78—3t.

State of North Carolina—Chatham Co.
IN EQUITY.

To Fal Term, 1851—Petition for sale of Real Estate.

DANIEL Vestal, Elizabeth Vestal, Nathan Vestal, John Pruet, and his wife Mary, Stephen Reed, and his wife Ann, David Coble, and his wife Lydia, Rebecca Vestal, Joseph Vestal, Andrew Vestal, Price Vestal, Calvin Vestal, William H. Vestal, Frederick Stafford, and wife Sarah, Jesse Newton and his wife Mary, Abagail, Isaac L. McCracken, Thomas J. McCracken, William C. Elder, and wife Sarah, Mary E. Henly, Mariam A. Henly, Wm. F. Henley, Wm. H. Boner and wife Anotis, Jesse Vestal, Charles Hutchens and wife Lydia, Jeremiah Vestal, Jones Davis and wife Achsa, John Flemming and wife Arzenith, William Shelton and wife Eunice, John Vestal, Jackson Burender and wife Ann.

versus

Jeremiah Vestal, David Vestal, Silas Bosker and wife Rachael, Lydia Gardner, Sarah Smith, Aaron H. Vestal, Charles Vestal, Peter Harmer and wife Blanch, Thomas Vestal, Isaac Edwards and wife Mary, Jonathan Vestal, Saint Vestal, Wm. Hill and wife Achsa, Eli Vestal, Jabin Vestal, Benjamin Edward Vestal, Soloman Hunt and wife Sarah, William Hubbard and wife Lydah, John Atkins and wife Ann, Saint Owen and wife Ruth, Thadeus M. White and wife Rhoda, Uriah, Phineas, Benjamin, Saint and Sarah Hackett, James Dorset and wife Susan, Murphy Moffitt, Libne Moffitt, Joab Moffitt, Wm Davis and wife Sarah, Wm. Burton and wife Melinda, Zerub Moffitt, Nathan and Elisha Moffit's heirs, David McCracken, Nathan Charmess and wife Mary, Robert McCracken, Alfred V. Coffin, Addison Coffin, Emory D. Coffin, Martha Coffin, and Aclan Hubbard, Alfred Hadley, and wife Achsa, Wm. Harvey and wife Mary, Jacob Newlin and wife Ruth.

It having been made to appear